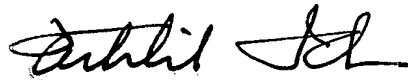


I, Tadahiko Itoh, a Patent Attorney of Tokyo, Japan having my office at 32nd Floor, Yebisu Garden Place Tower, 20-3 Ebisu 4-Chome, Shibuya-Ku, Tokyo 150-6032, Japan do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am the translator of the attached English language translation and certify that the attached English language translation is a correct, true and faithful translation of PCT Application No. PCT/JP99/04075 to the best of my knowledge and belief.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.



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APR. 26. 2005

PCT REQUEST

1/4

99806 PCT

Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 22. 07 1999 19:07:19 PM

0	For receiving Office use only	
0-1	International Application No.	
0-2	International Filing Date	
0-3	Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"	
0-4	Form - PCT/RO/101 PCT Request	
0-4-1	Prepared using	PCT-EASY Version 2.84 (updated 01.06.1999)
0-5	Petition The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty	
0-6	Receiving Office (specified by the applicant)	Japanese Patent Office (RO/JP)
0-7	Applicant's or agent's file reference	99806 PCT
I	Title of invention	CONNECTION DATA CHANGE METHOD AND DEVICE, AND SWITCHING UNIT
II	Applicant	
II-1	This person is:	
II-2	Applicant for	applicant only all designated
II-4	Name	States except US FUJITSU LIMITED
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II-6	State of nationality	JP
II-7	State of residence	JP

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III-1	Applicant and/or inventor	
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III-1-6	State of nationality	JP
III-1-7	State of residence	JP
IV-1	Agent or common representative; or address for correspondence The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as:	agent
IV-1-1	Name (LAST, First)	ITOH, Tadahiko
IV-1-2	Address:	32nd Floor, Yebisu Garden Place Tower, 20-3, Ebisu 4-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 150-6032 Japan
IV-1-3	Telephone No.	03-5424-2511
IV-1-4	Facsimile No.	03-5424-2525
V	Designation of States	
V-1	Regional Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)	--
V-2	National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)	JP US
V-5	Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) of the State(s) indicated under item V-6 below. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.	

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V-6	Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations	NONE
VI	Priority claim	NONE
VII-1	International Searching Authority Chosen	Japanese Patent Office (ISA/JP)
VIII	Check list	number of sheets electronic file(s) attached
VIII-1	Request	4 -
VIII-2	Description	21 -
VIII-3	Claims	3 -
VIII-4	Abstract	1 99806. txt
VIII-5	Drawings	27 -
VIII-7	TOTAL	56
	Accompanying items	paper document(s) attached electronic file(s) attached
VIII-8	Fee calculation sheet	✓ -
VIII-9	Separate signed power of attorney	✓ -
VIII-10	Copy of general power of attorney	✓ -
VIII-16	PCT-EASY diskette	- diskette
VIII-17	Other (specified):	Revenue stamps of transmittal fee for receiving office -
VIII-17	Other (specified):	Submission of certificate of payment for international fee -
VIII-18	Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract	
VIII-19	Language of filing of the International application	JAPANESE
IX-1	Signature of applicant or agent	
IX-1-1	Name (LAST, First)	ITOH, Tadahiko (SEAL)

FOR RECEIVING OFFICE USE ONLY

10-1	Date of actual receipt of the purported international application	
10-2	Drawings:	
10-2-1	Received	
10-2-2	Not received	
10-3	Corrected date of actual receipt due to later but timely received papers or drawings completing the purported international application	
10-4	Date of timely receipt of the required corrections under PCT Article 11(2)	
10-5	International Searching Authority	ISA/JP
10-6	Transmittal of search copy delayed until search fee is paid	

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11-1	Date of receipt of the record copy by the International Bureau	
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PCT (ANNEX - FEE CALCULATION SHEET)

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(This sheet is not part of and does not count as a sheet of the international application)

0	For receiving Office use only	
0-1	International Application No.	
0-2	Date stamp of the receiving Office	
0-4	Form - PCT/RO/101 (Annex) PCT Fee Calculation Sheet Prepared using	
0-4-1		PCT-EASY Version 2.84 (updated 01.06.1999)
0-9	Applicant's or agent's file reference	99806 PCT
2	Applicant	FUJITSU LIMITED
12	Calculation of prescribed fees	fee amount/multiplier total amounts (JPY)
12-1	Transmittal fee T	⇒ 18,000
12-2	Search fee S	⇒ 77,000
12-3	International fee Basic fee (first 30 sheets) b1	54,800
12-4	Remaining sheets	26
12-5	Additional amount (X)	1,300
12-6	Total additional amount b2	33,800
12-7	b1 + b2 = B	88,600
12-8	Designation fees Number of designations contained in international application	2
12-9	Number of designation fees payable (maximum 8)	2
12-10	Amount of designation fee (X)	12,600
12-11	Total designation fees D	25,200
12-12	PCT-EASY fee reduction R	-16,900
12-13	Total International fee (B+D-R) I	⇒ 96,900
12-17	TOTAL FEES PAYABLE (T+S+I+P)	⇒ 191,900
12-19	Mode of payment	Transmittal fee: revenue stamps Search fee: bank draft International fee: bank draft Priority document fee:

VALIDATION LOG AND REMARKS

13-2-2	Validation messages States	Green? More designations could be made. Please verify.
13-2-3	Validation messages Names	Green? Applicant 1.:Telephone No. missing

PCT (ANNEX - FEE CALCULATION SHEET)

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		Green? Applicant 1.:Facsimile No. missing
13-2-4	Validation messages Priority	Green? No priority of an earlier application has been claimed. Please verify
13-2-6	Validation messages Contents	Green? Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract not specified. Please verify.
		Green? Reference number for attached copy of general power of attorney not indicated.
13-2-10	Validation messages For receiving Office/International Bureau use only	Green? PCT-EASY used to prepare this application operates on the Windows of a version other than the English version or a Western European language version. Please compare the application and electronic data carefully with respect to the characters other than the ASCII characters.

DESCRIPTION
CONNECTION DATA CHANGE METHOD AND DEVICE,
AND SWITCHING UNIT

5 TECHNICAL FIELD

 The present invention relates to
connection data change methods and devices, and
switching units, and more particularly to a
connection data change method and device, and a
10 switching unit for changing connection data for a
node constituting a network.

BACKGROUND ART

 Conventionally, a connection between nodes
15 (switching units) constituting an ATM (Asynchronous
Transfer Mode) network or a packet switching network
is set up by a method such as PVC (Permanent Virtual
Connection), SVC (Switched virtual connection), or
SPVC (Soft Switched virtual connection).

20 FIG. 1 shows a diagram of an example
configuration for illustrating a connection setup by
PVC. In PVC, a network manager sets up connections
by inputting setup commands from external input
apparatuses 10a through 10d to ATM switching units
25 14a through 14d, respectively. This connection
setup includes setting of connection management data
such as port information, VPI (Virtual Path
Identifier), VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier),
cell rate, band, and service category.

30 The ATM switching units 14a through 14d
each establishes a fixed connection based on the
setup commands supplied from the external input
apparatuses 10a through 10d, respectively. Set
connection management data is maintained.

35 FIG. 2 shows a diagram of an example
configuration for illustrating a connection setup by
SVC. In SVC, message signal transmission and

reception is performed between each connected ones of ATM switching units 18a through 18d so that the ATM switching units 18a through 18d store route information 20a through 20d, respectively. The
5 connection setup is performed based on the route information.

For instance, a transmitting terminal 16a connected to the transmitting ATM switching unit 18a transmits a SETUP (a call connection request
10 message) storing information such as address of a receiving terminal 16d, band information, and service category through a signal channel for signaling of the SETUP to the receiving terminal 16d connected to the receiving ATM switching unit 18d.

15 In the case of normal connection, receiving the SETUP, the receiving terminal 16d transmits a CONNECT (a call connection confirmation message) to the transmitting terminal 16a and performs a connecting operation. Thus, according to
20 SVC, a connection is established by a signaling signal that supports switching connection.

SPVC includes PVC and SVC. Fixed connections are established between a transmitting terminal and a transmitting ATM switching unit and
25 between a receiving terminal and a receiving ATM switching unit based on setup commands supplied from external input apparatuses. On the other hand, a connection is established between the transmitting and receiving ATM switching units by the
30 transmitting ATM switching unit transmitting a SETUP to the receiving ATM switching unit and the receiving ATM switching unit thereafter transmitting a CONNECT to the transmitting ATM switching unit.

However, PVC requires the network manager
35 to input the connection management data through the external input apparatuses 10a through 10d to the ATM switching units 14a through 14d, respectively,

thus costing a lot of time.

In the case of SVC, it is not required to input the connection management data to each of the ATM switching units 18a through 18d. However, if a failure occurs on a network after the connections are established, all the connections set up with respect to the ATM switching units 18a through 18d are released as shown in FIG. 3.

In order to reestablish the connections, it is necessary to perform the connection setup from a stage of storing the route information 20a through 20d in the ATM switching units 18a through 18d, respectively. Therefore, there has been a problem in that SVC requires a predetermined period of time in each connection setup, thus taking time in failure recovery.

Further, as in SVC, it is also required in SPVC to perform the connection setup from the stage of storing the route information in each of the ATM switching units if all the connections are released due to a failure occurring on the network after the connections are established. In this case, there is a problem in that the connections are prevented from being established until the message signal transmission and reception is completed between each connected ones of the ATM switching units so that the route information is stored therein.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is made in view of the above-described respects and has an object of providing a connection data change method and device, and a switching unit by which connection management data can be set easily and connections can be established in a shorter period of time in a failure recovery.

In order to achieve this object, the

present invention is configured to include connection data management means for managing connection data for connection with another switching unit and change operation means for
5 changing the connection data, and changing the connection with the other switching unit to a fixed connection type or a variable connection type, wherein the change operation means makes a change to the variable connection type when the connection is
10 made, and makes a change to the fixed connection type after the connection is completed.

Thus, connection with another switching unit is changeable to a fixed connection type or variable connection type so that the connection can
15 be easily made by making a change to the variable connection type at the time of connecting and reconnection can be made instantly by making a change to the fixed connection type after the connection is completed. Accordingly, the
20 connection with another switching unit can be made easily and the reconnection can be made in a shorter period of time.

Additionally, according to the present invention, the change operation means may be
25 configured to change the connection with the other switching unit to the fixed connection type or the variable connection type in accordance with a command input from an outside.

Thus, the connection with another
30 switching unit can be changed to the fixed connection type or variable connection type in accordance with a command input from the outside, so that convenience can be increased.

Additionally, according to the present
35 invention, the connection data change device may be configured to include a first detection part detecting another connected switching unit, first

message editing means for generating a message
controlling change operation means of the other
detected switching unit, and first notification
means for notifying the other detected switching
5 unit of the message.

Thus, it is possible to notify another
connected switching unit of a message controlling
change operation means, so that connecting a
plurality of switching units can be simplified.
10 Accordingly, it is possible to increase convenience.

Additionally, according to the present
invention, the connection data change device may be
configured to further include first analysis means
for receiving the message and analyzing contents.

15 Thus, a message transmitted from another
switching unit can be received and the contents can
be analyzed so that the change operation means can
be controlled in accordance with the contents.
Therefore, connecting a plurality of switching units
20 can be simplified, so that convenience can be
increased.

Additionally, according to the present
invention, the connection data change device may be
configured to further include release means for
25 changing the connection with the other switching
unit from the fixed connection type to the variable
connection type and releasing the connection with
the other switching unit.

Thus, a release operation can be
30 simplified by making a change from the fixed
connection type to the variable connection type in
releasing the connection with another switching unit.
Accordingly, the release operation of the connection
with another switching unit can be simplified, so
35 that convenience can be increased.

Additionally, according to the present
invention, the connection data change device may be

configured to include a second detection part
detecting another connected switching unit, second
message editing means for generating a message
controlling release means of the other detected
5 switching unit, second notification means for
notifying the other detected switching unit of the
message, and second analysis means for receiving the
message from another switching unit and analyzing
contents.

10 Thus, it is possible to notify another
connected switching unit of a message controlling
release means. Further, a message transmitted from
another switching unit can be received and the
contents can be analyzed so that the release means
15 can be controlled in accordance with the contents.
Accordingly, the release operation of a connection
between a plurality of switching units can be
simplified, so that convenience can be increased.

Additionally, according to the present
20 invention, the connection data change device may be
configured to further include release reason storage
means for storing a valid release reason for
releasing the connection with the other switching
unit.

25 Thus, it can be set with respect to each
release reason whether to perform the release
operation by storing a valid release reason for
releasing the connection with another switching unit.
For instance, in the case of a release reason
30 originating in such a line failure as to disconnect
communication only temporarily, the communication
becomes performable immediately after a recovery
from the failure by not performing the release
operation. Therefore, the disconnection period of
35 the communication can be shortened, so that the
convenience of a switching unit can be increased.

Further, the present invention may be

configured to include the step of extracting connection data for connection with another switching unit and the step of changing the extracted connection data, and changing the connection with the other switching unit to a fixed connection type or a variable connection type, wherein a change to the variable connection type is made when the connection is made, and a change to the fixed connection type is made after the connection is completed.

Furthermore, the present invention is configured to include connection data management means for managing connection data for connection with another switching unit and change operation means for changing the connection data, and changing the connection with the other switching unit to a fixed connection type or a variable connection type, wherein the change operation means makes a change to the variable connection type when the connection is made, and makes a change to the fixed connection type after the connection is completed.

Thus, connection with another switching unit is changeable to a fixed connection type or variable connection type so that the connection can be easily made by making a change to the variable connection type at the time of connecting and reconnection can be made instantly by making a change to the fixed connection type after the connection is completed. Accordingly, the connection with another switching unit can be made easily and the reconnection can be made in a shorter period of time.

Additionally, according to the present invention, the switching unit may be configured to further include a first detection part detecting another connected switching unit, first message editing means for generating a message controlling

change operation means of the other detected switching unit, first notification means for notifying the other detected switching unit of the message, and first analysis means for receiving the message and analyzing contents.

Thus, it is possible to notify another connected switching unit of a message controlling change operation means, so that connecting a plurality of switching units can be simplified.

Further, a message transmitted from another switching unit can be received and the contents can be analyzed so that the change operation means can be controlled in accordance with the contents.

Therefore, connecting a plurality of switching units can be simplified, so that convenience can be increased.

Additionally, according to the present invention, the switching unit may be configured to include release means for changing the connection with the other switching unit from the fixed connection type to the variable connection type and releasing the connection with the other switching unit and release reason storage means for storing a valid release reason for releasing the connection with the other switching unit.

Thus, a release operation can be simplified by changing the connection with another switching unit from the fixed connection type to the variable connection type in releasing the connection.

Further, it can be set with respect to each release reason whether to perform the release operation by storing a valid release reason for releasing the connection with another switching unit

Accordingly, the release operation of the connection with another switching unit can be simplified, so that convenience can be increased.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a diagram showing an example configuration for illustrating a connection setup by PVC;

10 FIG. 2 is a diagram showing an example configuration for illustrating a connection setup by SVC;

FIG. 3 is a diagram showing an example configuration for illustrating a connection release;

15 FIG. 4 is a diagram showing a configuration of a switching unit of the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a diagram for illustrating a first embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention;

20 FIG. 6 is a diagram showing a configuration of a connection management data table;

FIG. 7 is a flowchart of an operation process at a time of a connection change;

25 FIG. 8 is a diagram showing a configuration of dynamic information;

FIG. 9 is a diagram showing a network configuration for illustrating an operation at a time of a connection reset;

30 FIG. 10 is a flowchart of an operation process at a time of the connection reset;

FIG. 11 is a diagram for illustrating a second embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention;

35 FIG. 12 is a flowchart of an operation process performed when a connection change request is made;

FIG. 13 is a diagram showing a configuration of the connection change request;

FIG. 14 is a diagram for illustrating a third embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention;

FIG. 15 is a diagram for illustrating the third embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention;

FIG. 16 is a flowchart of an operation process of a connection batch change;

FIG. 17 is a diagram showing a sequence drawing for illustrating an operation process of the connection batch change;

FIG. 18 is a diagram showing a configuration of batch change data;

FIG. 19 is a diagram for illustrating a fourth embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention;

FIG. 20 is a diagram for illustrating the fourth embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention;

FIG. 21 is a flowchart of an operation process of a connection automatic change;

FIG. 22 is a diagram showing a sequence drawing for illustrating an operation process of the connection automatic change;

FIG. 23 is a diagram showing a configuration of automatic change data;

FIG. 24 is a diagram for illustrating a fifth embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention;

FIG. 25 is a flowchart of an operation process of a manual connection release;

FIG. 26 is a diagram for illustrating a sixth embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention;

FIG. 27 is a diagram for illustrating an

established connection;

FIG. 28 is a diagram for illustrating a released connection;

FIG. 29 is a flowchart of an operation
5 process of a connection automatic release; and

FIG. 30 is a diagram showing a configuration of release reason data.

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

10 A description is given below, with reference to the drawings, of embodiments of the present invention.

FIG. 4 shows a block diagram of an embodiment of a switching unit of the present
15 invention. In FIG. 4, a switching unit 30 is configured to include a switch part 31 and an application part 32. The application part 32 includes a switching operation part 33, a message analysis part 34, an adjacent node notification part
20 35, an adjacent node analysis part 36, a message editing part 37, an external input analysis part 38, a change operation part 39, a connection management data table 40, a routing table 41, and a release reason data table 42.

25 The switch part 31 performs routing (a switching operation) on a cell supplied from a transmission path 43 or 44 and transmits the cell to a virtual channel (hereinafter referred to as a VC). The routing table 41 is a table managing routing
30 information on adjacent nodes stored by exchanging message signals with another switching unit. This routing information is used at the time of a connection setup by means of SVC and SPVC.

The connection management data table 40 is
35 a table managing a variety of connections set up in the switching unit 30. The change operation part 39, as will be described later, suitably changes

information on a connection type (for instance, SVC) of the connection management data table 40.

5 The switching operation part 33 performs a connection setup operation and a connection deletion operation in accordance with the connection management data table 40. The adjacent node notification part 35 transmits a later-described connection change request message to the corresponding adjacent node. The adjacent node
10 analysis part 36 analyzes the state of an adjacent node and determines whether to transmit the received connection change request message to the adjacent node.

15 The external input analysis part 38, to which an external input apparatus 50 is connected, analyzes a setup command input from the external input apparatus 50, and performs a connection setup operation in accordance with the contents of the setup command. The message analysis part 34
20 analyzes the message signal used for signaling, and, based on the analysis results, requests the change operation part 39 and the adjacent node analysis part 36 to perform operations. The message editing part 37 edits the contents of the setup command
25 input from the external input terminal 50 to generate the message signal.

30 The transmission paths 43 and 44 are physical lines for connection to the adjacent nodes. Signal channels 45 and 46 are VCs multiplexed in the transmission paths 43 and 44, respectively, and are signaling connections for communicating the message signal for signaling. The release reason data table
35 42 is release reason data entered by a network manager, and recorded with release reasons that are made valid when a connection release operation is performed.

Next, a description will be given, with

reference to FIGS. 5 through 10, of a first embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 5 shows a diagram for illustrating the first embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention. The
5 switching unit 30 of FIG. 5 has the same configuration as the switching unit of FIG. 4, and necessary parts for illustrating the first embodiment are shown.

The connection management data table 40 of
10 FIG. 5 has a configuration shown in FIG. 6. FIG. 6 is a diagram showing the configuration of the connection management data table 40. In FIG. 6, connection management data 53 is set for each line number in the connection data management table 40.

15 The connection management data 53 includes a connection management number, a connection type, a connection VP identifier, a connection VC identifier, connection QOS, a band used for connection, a connection category, and other connection attributes.

20 The present invention enables a connection setup that has the advantages of both PVC that is a static connection and SVC/SPVC that is a dynamic connection by suitably changing the connection type from the dynamic connection that is set up
25 dynamically to the static connection that is set up statically. Hereinafter, this connection setup is referred to as a PSVC (Permanent Switched Virtual Connection).

A description is given below, in
30 accordance with the flowchart of FIG. 7, of an operation of the switching unit 30 of FIG. 5 at the time of a connection change. FIG. 7 shows a flowchart of an operation process at the time of the connection change.

35 In step S10, the message analysis part 34 receives a connection change request, and proceeds to step S20. In step S20, the message analysis part

34 analyzes the contents of the received connection change request, generates input information (line number, VPI, VCI, etc.) for connection change, and supplies the input information to the change operation part 39.

In step S30, when supplied with the input information for connection change, the change operation part 39 extracts connection management data 53a of corresponding line numbers from the connection data management table 40.

Proceeding to step S40 after step S30, a connection type included in the extracted connection management data 53a is changed from SVC/SPVC that is a dynamic connection to PSVC that is a static connection. Connection management data 53b is connection management data where the connection type is changed from SVC/SPVC that is a dynamic connection to PSVC that is a static connection.

Proceeding to step S50 after step S40, dynamic information 54 shown in FIG. 8, set in SVC/SPVC that is a dynamic connection, is stored.

FIG. 8 shows a diagram of a configuration of the dynamic information 54. The dynamic information 54 includes a connection management number, a self-line number, a connection destination node number, connection status, a connection VP identifier, and a connection VC identifier.

As above described, an operation process at the time of a static connection change can be realized by an operation process at the time of a dynamic connection change, thus simplifying an operation at the time of a connection change.

Next, a description is given, in accordance with the flowchart of FIG. 10, of an operation of a network of FIGS. 9A and 9B at the time of a connection reset. FIG. 10 is a flowchart of an operation process at the time of the

connection reset.

As shown in FIG. 9A, if the connections of a switching unit 58d are released due to occurrence of a failure on the network after the connections
5 are established, the switching unit 58d requires the connections to be reset.

In step S100, the switching unit 58d extracts the connection type of the line of each line number from the connection management data
10 table 40. Proceeding to step S110 after step S100, it determines whether the extracted connection type is a dynamic connection.

If it determines that the extracted connection type is a dynamic connection (YES in
15 S110), step S120 is entered. If it determines that the extracted connection type is not a dynamic connection (NO in S110), step S130 is entered.

In step S120, since the extracted connection type is a dynamic connection, the switch
20 part 31 is requested to set up the connections, and the connections are set up from a stage of storing the route information.

On the other hand, in step S130, since the extracted connection type is not a dynamic
25 connection, the connections are reset by referring to the connection management data stored in the connection management data table 40. Here, if the connection type is PSVC, the connections are reset as shown in FIG. 9B by referring to the connection
30 management data 53 without waiting for the route information to be stored.

Therefore, if the connection type is PSVC, the connections can be established in a shorter period of time than in the case of SVC and SPVC that
35 are dynamic connections since the connections are reset in accordance with the connection management data 53.

Next, a description is given, with reference to FIGS. 11 through 13, of a second embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 11 shows a diagram for illustrating the second embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention. Each of switching units 30a through 30c of FIG. 11 has the same configuration as the switching unit of FIG. 4, and necessary parts for illustrating the second embodiment are shown.

10 A description is given below, in accordance with the flowchart of FIG. 12, of operations of the switching units 30a through 30c when a connection change request is made. FIG. 12 is a flowchart of an operation process performed
15 when the connection change request is made.

In step S150, a connection change request is input from an external input apparatus 50a connected to the switching unit 30a with a dynamic connection to be changed being specified. The
20 connection change request input to the external input apparatus 50a is supplied to an external input analysis part 38a.

Proceeding to step S160 after step S150, the external input analysis part 38a analyzes the
25 supplied connection change request, and supplies information on the analysis results to a change operation part 39a.

Proceeding to step S170 after step S160, the change operation part 39a extracts from a
30 connection management data table 40a the connection management data 53 of a corresponding line number in accordance with the supplied information on the analysis results.

Proceeding to step S180 after step S170,
35 the change operation part 39a change a connection type included in the extracted connection management data 53 from a dynamic connection to PSVC that is a

static connection. Proceeding to step S190 after step S180, the dynamic information 54 of FIG. 8 set in SVC/SPVC that is a dynamic connection is stored.

5 In step S200, adjacent node information is extracted based on the routing information of a routing table 41a. Proceeding to step S210 after step S200, an adjacent node analysis part 36a determines based on the extracted adjacent node information whether there is an adjacent node.

10 If it determines that there is an adjacent node (YES in S210), the adjacent node analysis part 36a supplies information to that effect to an adjacent node notification part 35a and the operation of step S220 is performed. If it
15 determines that there is no adjacent node (NO in S210), the operation is terminated.

In step S220, the adjacent node notification part 35a supplies the connection change request to the adjacent node (the switching unit 30b
20 in FIG. 11, for instance) through the signal channel 45. The connection change request supplied from the adjacent node notification part 35a has a configuration shown in FIG. 13, for instance.

FIG. 13 shows a diagram of a configuration
25 of the connection change request. In FIG. 13, a connection change request 60 includes a request information header, a message type, an automatic-change-enabled line number, an automatic change connection type, a connection VP identifier, a
30 connection VC identifier, and additional information.

The switching unit 30b receives the connection change request 60 in a message analysis part 38b. The message analysis part 38b analyzes the supplied connection change request 60 and
35 supplies information on the analysis results to a change operation part 39b.

Thereafter, through the same operations as

steps S170 through S190, the connection management data 53 of corresponding line numbers is extracted from a connection management data table 40b in accordance with the information on the analysis
5 results, and the connection management data 53 is altered. Further, through the same operations as steps S200 through S220, it is determined whether there is an adjacent node, and if there is an adjacent node (the switching unit 30c in FIG. 11,
10 for instance), the connection change request 60 is supplied to the switching unit 30c through the signal channel 46.

Accordingly, the setting of the connection management data 53 for a plurality of nodes can be
15 simplified, so that convenience can be increased.

Next, a description is given, with reference to FIGS. 14 through 18, of a third embodiment of the present invention. FIGS. 14 and 15 show diagrams for illustrating the third
20 embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention. Each of the switching units 30a through 30c of FIGS. 14 and 15 has the same configuration as the switching unit of FIG. 4, and necessary parts for illustrating the third embodiment are shown.

25 A description is given below, in accordance with the flowchart of FIG. 16, of operations of the switching units 30a through 30c when a connection batch change is performed. FIG. 16 shows a flowchart of an operation process at the
30 time of the connection batch change. It is assumed that the switching unit 30a of FIG. 14 is connected via the signal channel 45 to the switching unit 30b of FIG. 15.

In step S250, a connection batch change is
35 entered from the external input apparatus 50a connected to the switching unit 30a. Proceeding to step S260 after step S250, batch change data 62 as

shown in FIG. 18 is created and entered.

FIG. 18 shows a diagram of a configuration of the batch change data 62. The batch change data 62 includes a batch-change-enabled line number and a batch change connection type. For instance, the batch change connection type is SVC and SPVC in the batch change data 62 of FIG. 18.

Proceeding to step S270 after step S260, a connection operation for establishing connections by SVC/SPVC is performed. The operation of step S270 is performed, for instance, in accordance with the procedure of a sequence diagram shown in FIG. 17. FIG. 17 shows a sequence diagram for illustrating an operation process at the time of the connection batch change.

In the case of establishing connections between terminals 56a and 56b, a connection request (a call connection request message) is transmitted from the terminal 56a via the switching units 30a through 30c to the terminal 56c so that the connection operation is performed. In the case of normal connection, the terminal 56c transmits a response message (a call connection confirmation message) via the switching units 30a through 30c to the terminal 56a. Therefore, the switching unit 30a receives the response message from the switching unit 30b.

Proceeding to step S280 after step S270, the switching unit 30a detects the response message supplied from the switching unit 30b in a message analysis part 34a, and determines whether a line number relating to the connection operation is identical to the batch-change-enabled line number included in the batch change data.

If it determines that the line number relating to the connection operation is identical to the batch-change-enabled line number included in the

batch change data (YES in S280), step S290 is entered. If it determines that the line number relating to the connection operation is not identical to the batch-change-enabled line number
5 included in the batch change data (NO in S280), the operation is terminated.

In step S290, a connection type included in the connection management data 53 of the line number is changed to PSVC. Proceeding to step S300
10 after S290, the dynamic information 54 set in SVC/SPVC that is a dynamic connection is stored.

Proceeding to step S310 after step S300, adjacent node information is extracted based on the routing information of the routing table 41a.
15 Proceeding to step S320 after step S310, the adjacent node analysis part 36a determines based on the extracted adjacent node information whether there is an adjacent node.

If it determines that there is an adjacent
20 node (YES in S320), the adjacent node analysis part 36a supplies information to that effect to a message editing part 37a, and the operation of step S330 is performed. If it determines that there is no adjacent node (NO in S320), the operation is
25 terminated.

In step S330, the message editing part 37a edits the connection change request message 60 to be transmitted to the adjacent node, and supplies the connection change request message 60 to the adjacent
30 node notification part 35a. Then, proceeding to step S340 after step S330, the adjacent node notification part 35a supplies the connection change request message 60 to the switching unit 30b, which is the adjacent node.

35 In switching unit 30b, through the same operations as steps S170 through S190 of FIG. 12, the connection management data 53 of corresponding

line numbers is extracted from the connection management data table 40b in accordance with the information on the supplied analysis results so that the connection management data 53 is altered.

5 Further, through the same operations as steps S200 through S220 of FIG. 12, it is determined whether there is an adjacent node, and if there is an adjacent node, the connection change request message is supplied via the signal channel 46 to the
10 switching unit 30c.

 Accordingly, a connection batch change operation can be performed on a plurality of nodes and the setting of the connection management data 53 can be simplified, so that convenience can be
15 increased.

 Next, a description is given, with reference to FIGS. 19 through 23, of a fourth embodiment of the present invention. FIGS. 19 and 20 show diagrams for illustrating the fourth
20 embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention. Each of the switching units 30a through 30c of FIGS. 19 and 20 has the same configuration as the switching unit of FIG. 4, and necessary parts for illustrating the fourth embodiment are shown.

25 A description is given below, in accordance with the flowchart of FIG. 21, of operations of the switching units 30a through 30c of FIGS. 19 and 20 when a connection automatic change is performed. FIG. 21 shows a flowchart of an
30 operation process at the time of the connection automatic change. It is assumed that the switching unit 30c of FIG. 19 is connected via the signal channel 46 to the switching unit 30b of FIG. 20.

 In step S400, a connection automatic
35 change is entered from an external input apparatus 50c connected to the switching unit 30c. The connection automatic entry change may be performed

using the external input apparatus 50a connected to the switching unit 30a. Proceeding to step S410 after step S400, automatic change data 64 as shown in FIG. 23 is created and entered.

5 FIG. 23 shows a diagram of a configuration of the automatic change data 64. The automatic change data 64 includes an automatic-change-enabled line number and an automatic change connection type. For instance, the automatic change connection type
10 is SVC and SPVC in the batch change data 64 of FIG. 23.

 Proceeding to step S420 after step S410, a connection operation for establishing connections by SVC/SPVC is performed. The operation of FIG. 420 is
15 performed, for instance, in accordance with the procedure of a sequence diagram shown in FIG. 22. FIG. 22 shows a sequence diagram for illustrating an operation process at the time of the connection automatic change.

20 In the case of establishing connections between the terminals 56a and 56c, a connection request (a call connection request message) is transmitted from the terminal 56a via the switching units 30a through 30c to the terminal 56c so that
25 the connection operation is performed. In the case of normal connection, the terminal 56c transmits a response message (a call connection confirmation message) to the switching unit 30c.

 Proceeding to step S430 after step S420,
30 the switching unit 30c detects the response message supplied from the terminal 56c in a message analysis part 34c, and determines whether a line number relating to the connection operation is identical to the automatic-change-enabled line number included in
35 the automatic change data.

 If it determines that the line number relating to the connection operation is identical to

the automatic-change-enabled line number included in the automatic change data (YES in S430), step S440 is entered. If it determines that the line number relating to the connection operation is not
5 identical to the automatic-change-enabled line number included in the automatic change data (NO in S430), the operation is terminated.

In step S440, a connection type included in the connection management data 53 of the
10 corresponding line number is changed to PSVC. Proceeding to step S450 after step S440, the dynamic information 54 set in the dynamic connection of SVC/SPVC is stored.

Proceeding to step S460 after step S450,
15 adjacent node information is extracted based on the routing information of a routing table 41c. Proceeding to step S470 after step S460, an adjacent node analysis part 36c determines based on the extracted adjacent node information whether the
20 switching unit 30c has an adjacent node.

If it determines that there is an adjacent node (YES in S470), the adjacent node analysis part 36c supplies information to that effect to a message editing part 37c, and the operation of step S480 is
25 performed. If it determines that there is no adjacent node (NO in S470), the operation is terminated.

In step S480, the message editing part 37c edits a connection change identifier into a response
30 message to be transmitted to the adjacent node, and supplies the response message to an adjacent node notification part 35c. Proceeding to step S490 after step S480, the adjacent node notification part 35c supplies the response message to the switching
35 unit 30b, which is the adjacent node.

When the switching unit 30b detects the connection change identifier included in the

supplied response message in the message analysis part 34b, through the same operations as steps S430 through S450, the connection management data 53 of corresponding line numbers is extracted from the connection management data table 40b in accordance with the supplied response message so that the connection management data 53 is altered.

Further, through the same operations as steps S460 through S490, it is determined whether there is an adjacent node, and if there is an adjacent node, a response message having a connection change identifier edited therein is supplied via the signal channel 45 to the switching unit 30a.

Accordingly, a connection automatic change operation can be performed on a plurality of nodes and the setting of the connection management data 53 can be simplified, so that convenience can be increased.

Next, a description is given, with reference to FIGS. 24 and 25, of a fifth embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 24 shows a diagram for illustrating the fifth embodiment of the switching unit of the present invention. Each of the switching units 30a and 30b of FIG. 24 has the same configuration as the switching unit of FIG. 4, and necessary parts for illustrating the fifth embodiment are shown.

A description is given below, with reference to the flowchart of FIG. 25, of operations performed by the switching units 30a and 30b when a manual connection release is performed. FIG. 25 shows a flowchart of an operation process at the time of the manual connection release.

In step S500, a connection release request is input from the external input apparatus 50a connected to the switching unit 30a. The connection

release request input to the external input apparatus 50a is supplied to the external input analysis part 38a. Proceeding to step S510 after S500, the external input analysis part 38a analyzes
5 the supplied connection release request, and supplies information on the analysis results to the change operation part 39a and the adjacent node analysis part 36a.

Proceeding to step S520 after step S510,
10 the change operation part 39a extracts the connection management data 53 of a corresponding line number from the connection management data table 40a in accordance with the supplied analysis results. Proceeding to step S530 after step S520,
15 the change operation part 39a changes a connection type included in the extracted connection management data 53 from PSVC that is a static connection to SVC/SPVC that is a dynamic connection.

In step S540, adjacent node information is
20 extracted based on the routing information of the routing table 41a. Proceeding to step S550 after step S540, the adjacent node analysis part 36a determines based on the extracted adjacent node information whether there is an adjacent node.

25 If it determines that there is an adjacent node (YES in S550), the adjacent node analysis part 36a supplies information to that effect to the message editing part 37a, and the operation of step S560 is performed. If it determines that there is
30 no adjacent node (NO in S550), step S580 is entered.

In step S560, the message editing part 37a edits a release request message, and supplies the release request message to the adjacent node notification part 35a. Proceeding to step S570
35 after step S560, the adjacent node notification part 35a supplies the connection release request message via the signal channel 45 to the adjacent node (the

switching unit 30b in FIG. 24, for instance). The connection release request message supplied from the adjacent node notification part 35a is formed, for instance, by setting the message type of the message
5 of FIG. 13 to a release request.

In step S580, after transmitting the connection release request message to the switching unit 30b, the switching unit 30a waits until receiving a release response message. Proceeding to
10 step S590 after step S580, the message analysis part 34a determines whether the release response message is received.

If it determines that the release response message is received (YES in S590), step S600 is
15 entered so that the connection management data 53 extracted in step S520 is released. If it determines that no release response message is received (NO in S590), the operation is terminated. Proceeding to step S610 after step S600, a
20 corresponding connection is deleted.

When the switching unit 30b receives the release request message in the message analysis part 34b, a connection release operation is performed through the same operations as steps S510 through
25 610.

Next, a description is given, with reference to FIGS. 26 through 30, of a sixth embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 26 shows a diagram for illustrating the sixth embodiment of
30 the switching unit of the present invention. Each of the switching units 30a through 30d of FIG. 26 has the same configuration as the switching unit of FIG. 4, and necessary parts for illustrating the fifth embodiment are shown.

35 A description is given below, in accordance with the flowchart of FIG. 29, of operations of the switching units 30a through 30d

when a connection automatic release is performed. FIG. 29 shows a flowchart of an operation process at the time of the connection automatic release. As shown in FIG. 27, with respect to the switching
5 units 30a through 30d, a connection PSVC(x) is established between terminals 70a and 70b and a connection PSVC(y) is established between terminals 70c and 70d.

In step S650, a connection release reason
10 is entered from the external input apparatus 50c connected to the switching unit 30c. Proceeding to step S660 after step S650, release reason data 78 as shown in FIG. 30 is created and entered. FIG. 30 shows a diagram of a configuration of the release
15 reason data 78. The release reason data 78 includes a target line number, a target connection type, and a valid release reason.

Proceeding to step S670 after step S660, the message analysis part 34c of the switching unit
20 30c receives a connection release request. For instance, the message analysis part 34c receives a connection release request (x) of the connection PSVC(x) which is transmitted when the terminal 70a is disconnected normally or a connection release
25 request (y) of the connection PSVC(y) which is transmitted when a system failure occurs in the switching unit 30d due to a line failure.

Proceeding to step S680 after step S670, the message analysis part 34c analyzes the received
30 connection release request and determines whether the connection release request corresponds to the valid release reason of the release reason data 78 entered in step S660.

If it determines that it corresponds to
35 the valid release reason (YES in S680), step S690 is entered so that a change operation part 39c extracts the connection management data 53 of a corresponding

line number from a connection management data table 40c. If it determines that it does not correspond to the valid release reason (NO in S680), step S720 is entered. For instance, in the case of the

5 release reason data 78 of FIG. 26, a valid release reason x is set therein so that the connection release request (x) corresponds to the valid release reason, while the connection release reason (y) does not correspond to the valid release reason.

10 Proceeding to step S700 after step S690, the change operation part 39c changes a connection type included in the extracted connection management data 53 from PSVC that is a static connection to SVC/SPVC that is a dynamic connection.

15 Proceeding to step S710 after step S700, adjacent node information is extracted based on the routing information of the routing table 41c. Proceeding to step S720 after step S710, the adjacent node analysis part 36c determines based on

20 the extracted adjacent node information whether there is an adjacent node.

If it determines that there is an adjacent node (YES in step S720), the adjacent node analysis part 36c supplies information to that effect to the

25 message editing part 37c, and the operation of step S730 is performed. If it determines that there is no adjacent node (NO in step S720), step S750 is entered.

In step S730, the message editing part 37c

30 edits a release request message and supplies the release request message to the adjacent node notification part 35c. Proceeding to step S740 after step S730, the adjacent node notification part 35c supplies the connection release request message

35 to the adjacent node.

In step S750, after transmitting the connection release request message to another

switching unit, the switching unit 30c waits until receiving a release response message. Proceeding to step S760 after step S750, the message analysis part 34c determines whether the release response message
5 is received.

If it determines that the release response message is received (YES in S760), step S770 is entered so that the connection management data 53 extracted in step S690 is released. If it
10 determines that no release response message is received (NO in S760), the operation is terminated. Proceeding to step S780 after step S770, a corresponding connection is deleted.

In the case of FIG. 27, for instance, a
15 connection release operation is performed since the connection release request (x) corresponds to the valid release reason x, while no connection release operation is performed since the connection release request (y) does not correspond to the valid release
20 reason x. Therefore, as shown in FIG. 28, the connection PSVC(x) established between the terminals 70a and 70b is released, while the connection PSVC(y) established between the terminals 70c and 70d is not released.

25 Accordingly, the release operation is performable with respect only to a received release request message that corresponds to the entered valid release reason, and execution/non-execution of the release operation can be selected based on a
30 release reason.

In the above-described embodiments, the connection management data table 40 corresponds to connection data management means, the change operation part 39 corresponds to change operation
35 means and release means, PSVC corresponds to a fixed connection type, PVC/SPVC corresponds to a variable connection type, the adjacent node analysis part 36

corresponds to a first detection part and a second
detection part, the message editing part 37
corresponds to first message editing means and
second message editing means, the adjacent node
5 notification part 35 corresponds to first
notification means and second notification means,
the message analysis part 34 corresponds to first
analysis means and second analysis means, and the
release reason data table 42 corresponds to release
10 reason storage means.

The present invention is not limited to
the above-described embodiments, but variations and
modifications may be made within the scope of the
present invention.

CLAIMS

1. A connection data change device,
comprising:
 - 5 connection data management means for managing connection data for connection with another switching unit; and
 - change operation means for changing the connection data, and changing the connection with
10 the other switching unit to a fixed connection type or a variable connection type,
wherein said change operation means changes makes a change to the variable connection type when the connection is made, and makes a change
15 to the fixed connection type after the connection is completed.
2. The connection data change device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said change operation
20 means changes the connection with the other switching unit to the fixed connection type or the variable connection type in accordance with a command input from an outside.
- 25 3. The connection data change device as claimed in claim 1, comprising:
 - a first detection part detecting another connected switching unit;
 - first message editing means for generating
30 a message controlling change operation means of the other detected switching unit; and
 - first notification means for notifying the other detected switching unit of the message.
- 35 4. The connection data change device as claimed in claim 3, further comprising first analysis means for receiving the message and

analyzing contents.

5. The connection data change device as claimed in claim 1, further comprising release means
5 for changing the connection with the other switching unit from the fixed connection type to the variable connection type and releasing the connection with the other switching unit.

10 6. The connection data change device as claimed in claim 5, further comprising:
a second detection part detecting another connected switching unit;
second message editing means for
15 generating a message controlling release means of the other detected switching unit;
second notification means for notifying the other detected switching unit of the message;
and
20 second analysis means for receiving the message from another switching unit and analyzing contents.

7. The connection data change device as
25 claimed in claim 5, further comprising release reason storage means for storing a valid release reason for releasing the connection with the other switching unit.

30 8. A connection data change method comprising:
the step of extracting connection data for connection with another switching unit; and
the step of changing the extracted
35 connection data, and changing the connection with the other switching unit to a fixed connection type or a variable connection type,

wherein a change to the variable connection type is made when the connection is made, and a change to the fixed connection type is made after the connection is completed.

5

9. A switching unit, comprising:

connection data management means for managing connection data for connection with another switching unit; and

10 change operation means for changing the connection data, and changing the connection with the other switching unit to a fixed connection type or a variable connection type,

15 wherein said change operation means makes a change to the variable connection type when the connection is made, and makes a change to the fixed connection type after the connection is completed.

20 10. The switching unit as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

a first detection part detecting another connected switching unit;

25 first message editing means for generating a message controlling change operation means of the other detected switching unit;

first notification means for notifying the other detected switching unit of the message; and

first analysis means for receiving the message and analyzing contents.

30

11. The switching unit as claimed in claim 9, further comprising:

35 release means for changing the connection with the other switching unit from the fixed connection type to the variable connection type and releasing the connection with the other switching unit; and

release reason storage means for storing a valid release reason for releasing the connection with the other switching unit.

ABSTRACT

The present invention relates to a connection data change method and device, and a
5 switching unit for changing connection data for a
node constituting a network, and includes connection
data management means for managing connection data
for connection with another switching unit and
change operation means for changing the connection
10 data, and changing the connection with the other
switching unit to a fixed connection type or a
variable connection type, wherein the change
operation means makes a change to the variable
connection type when the connection is made and
15 makes a change to the fixed connection type after
the connection is completed.

FIG.1

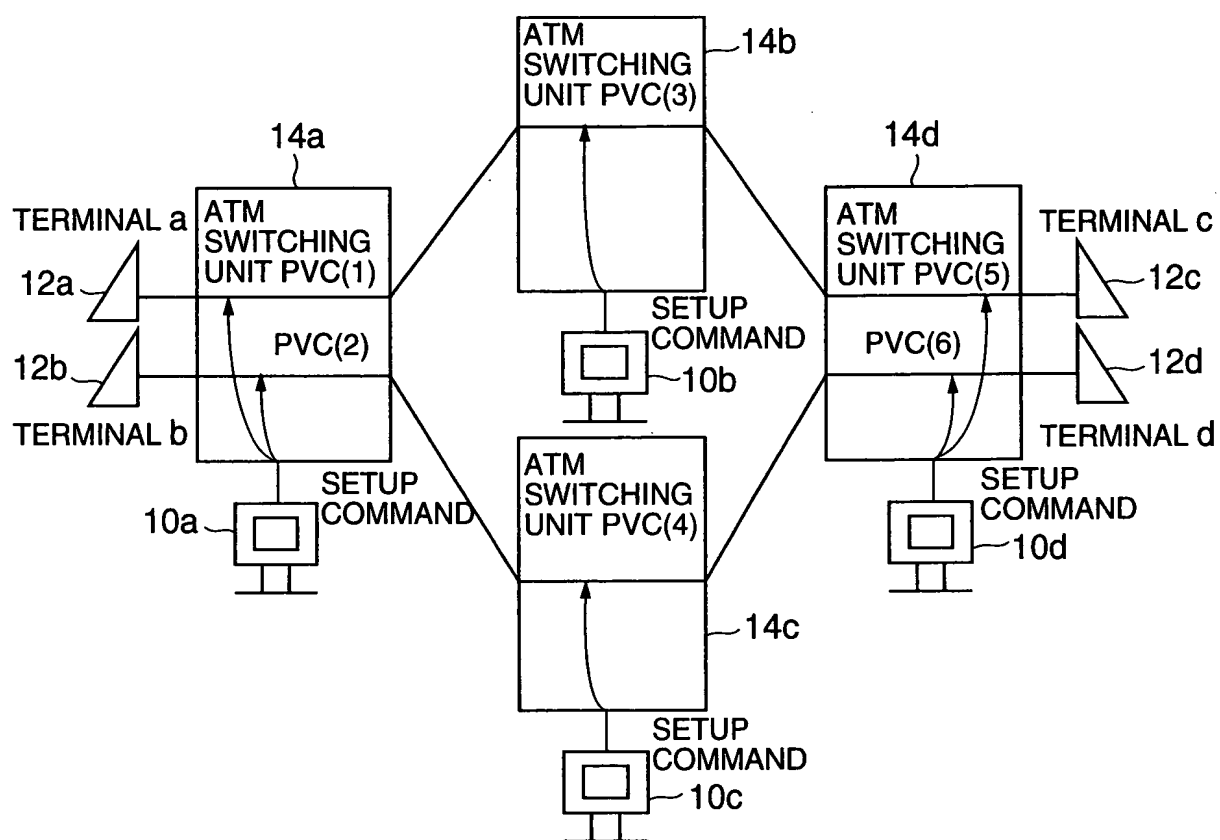


FIG.2

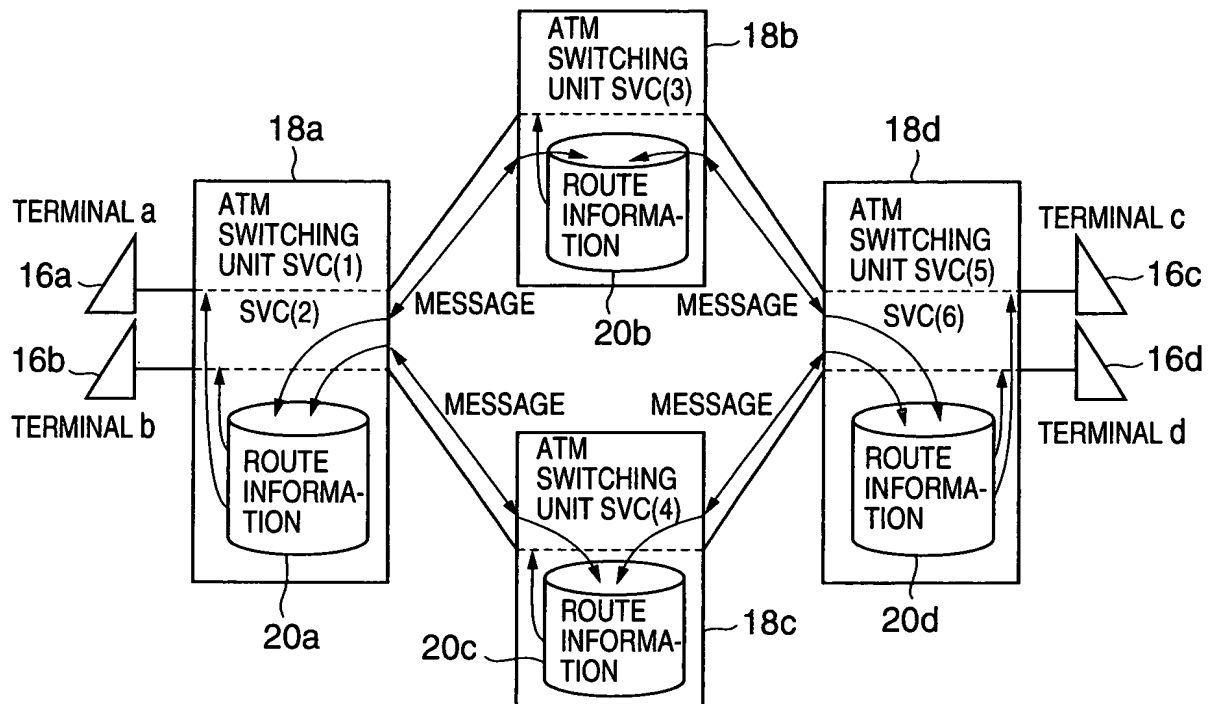


FIG.3

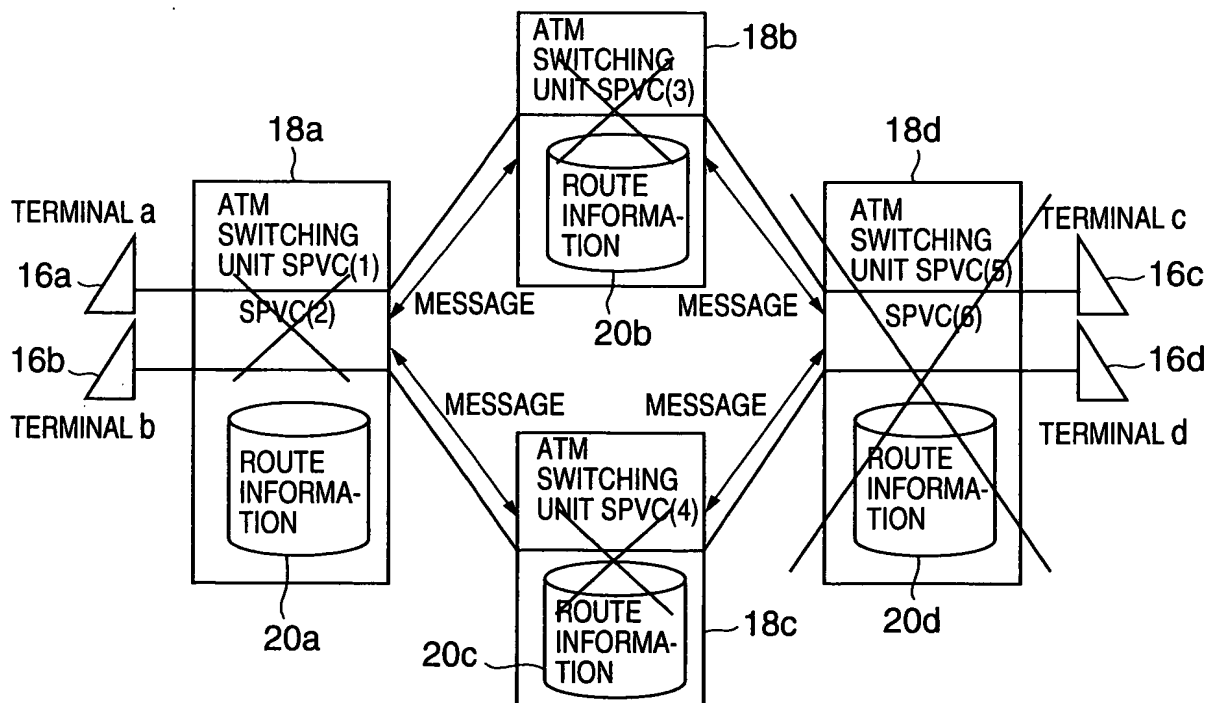


FIG.4

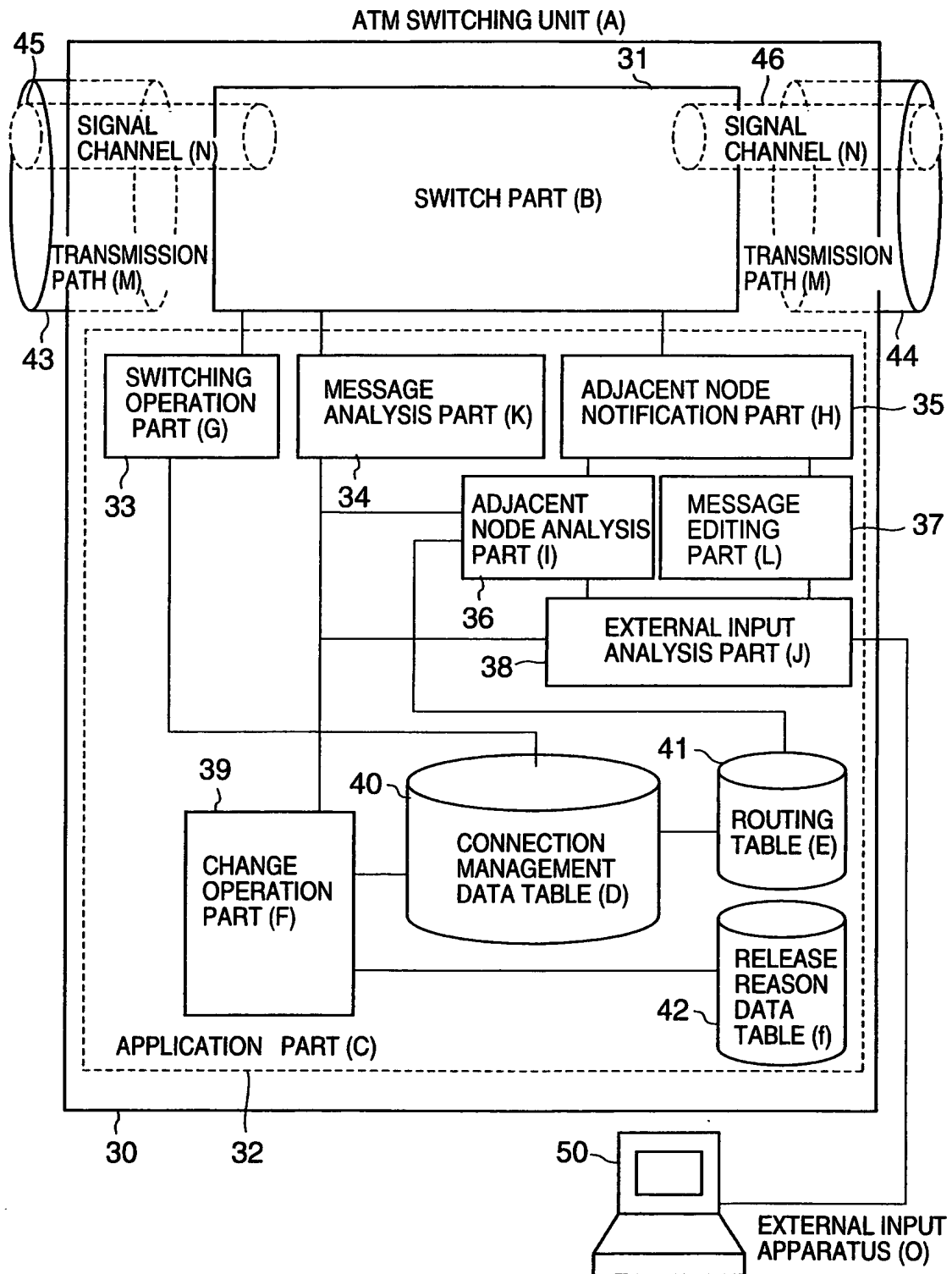


FIG.5

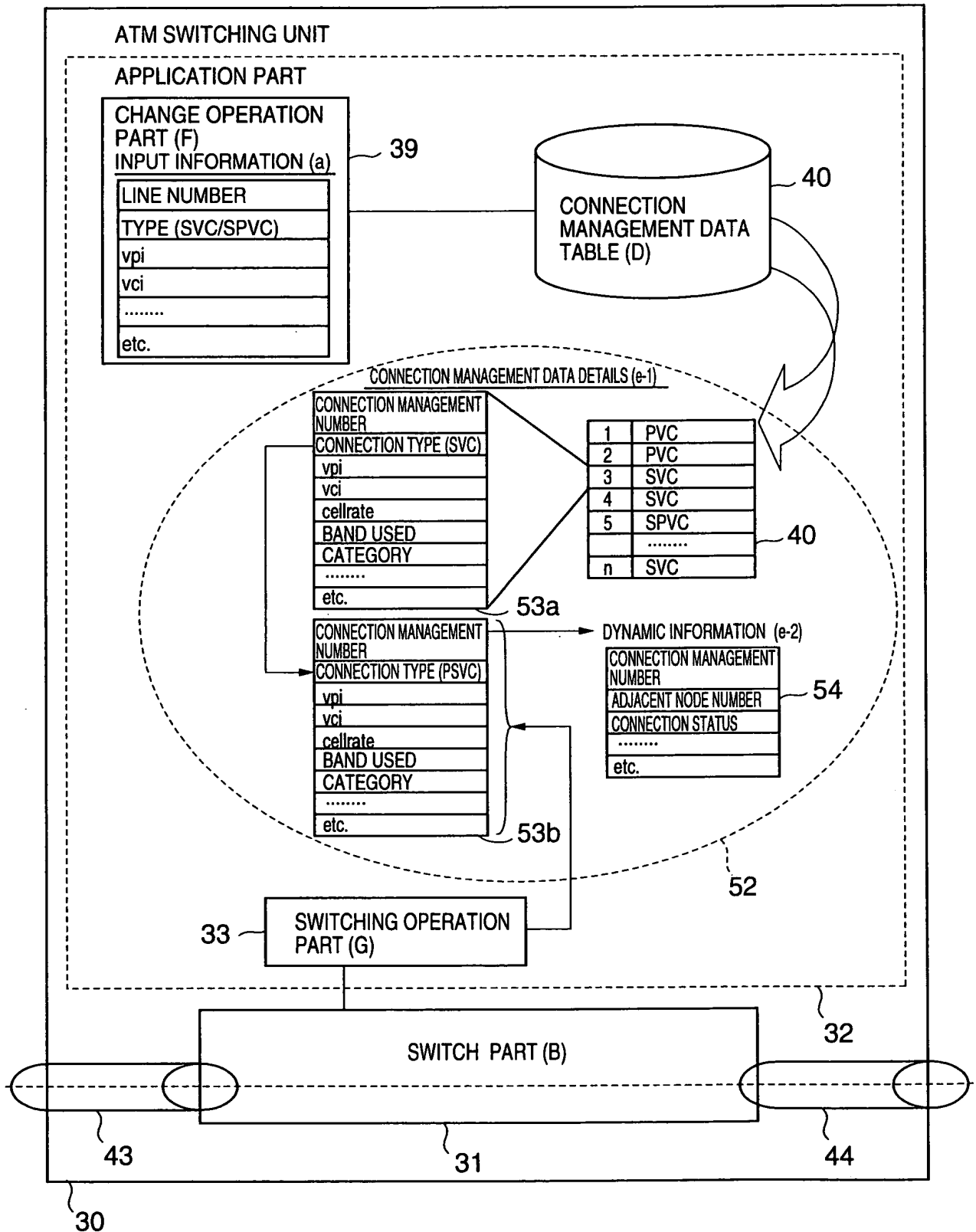


FIG.6

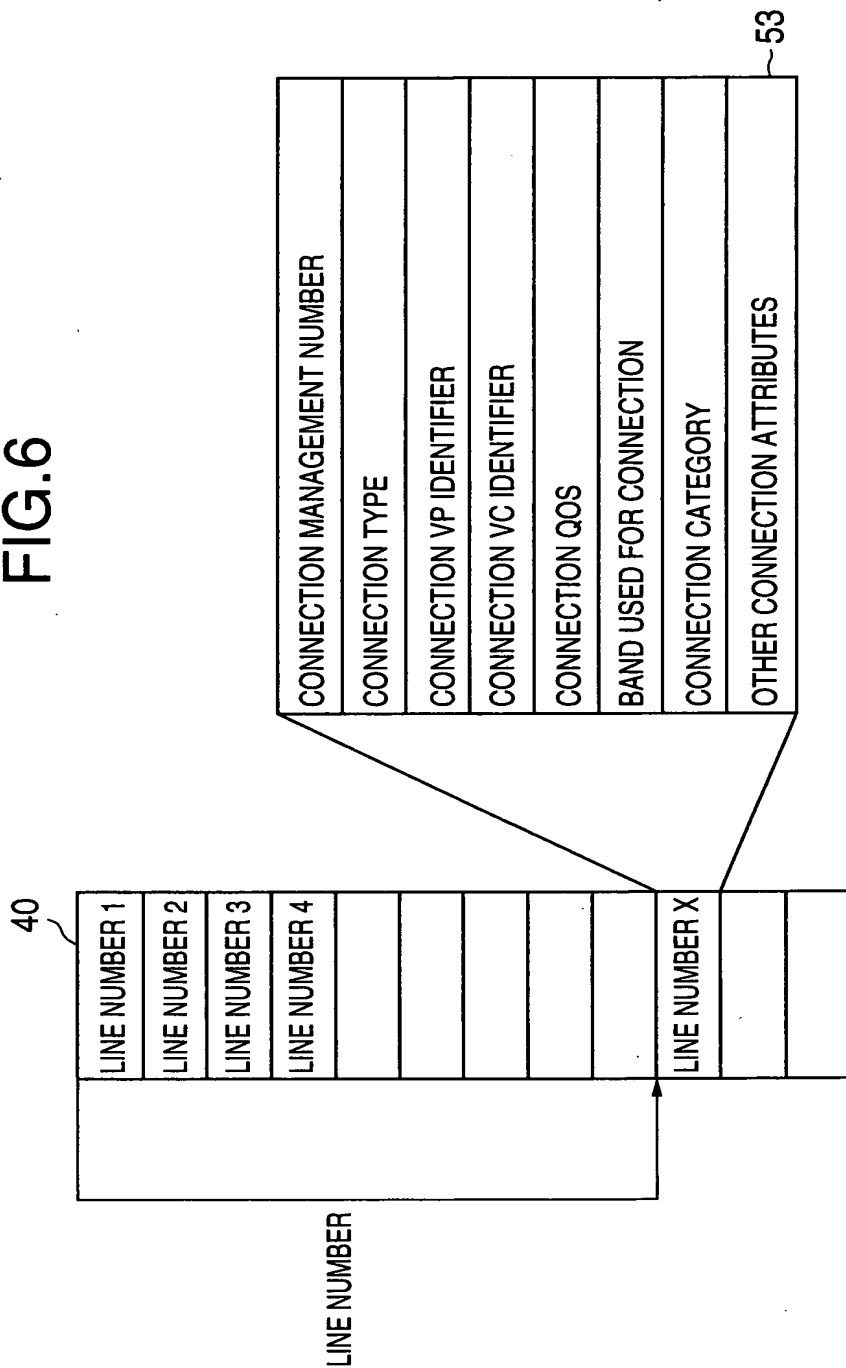


FIG.7

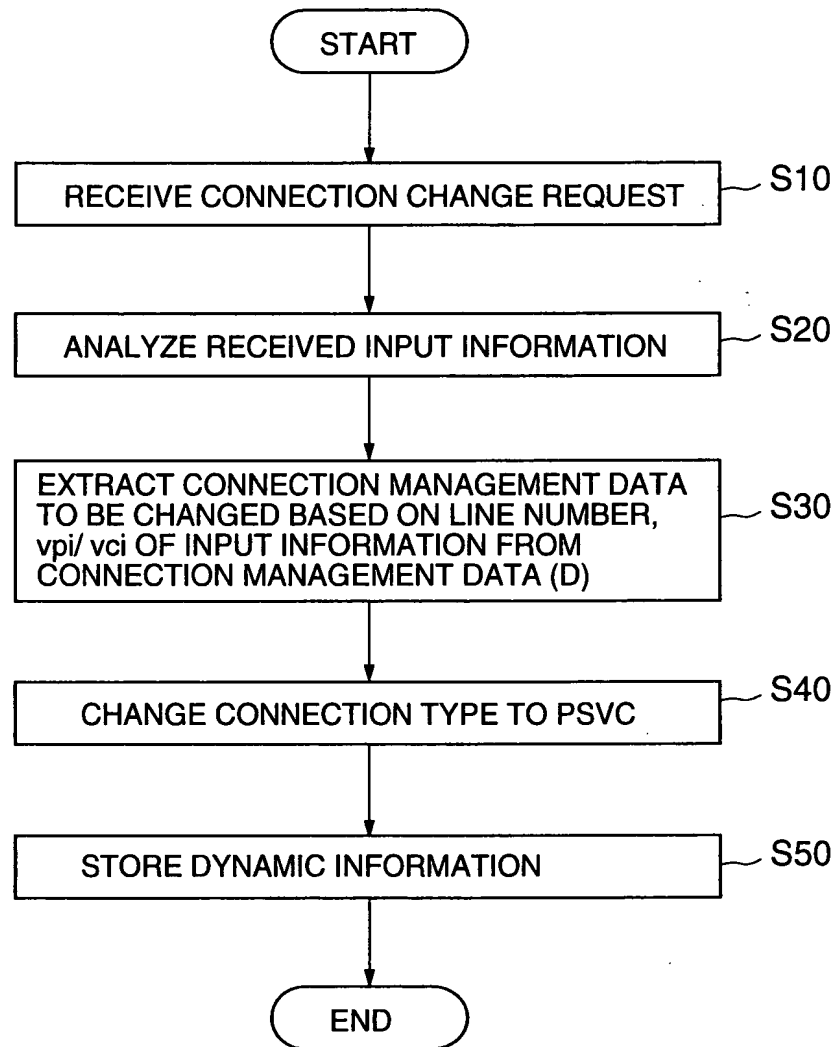


FIG.8

CONNECTION MANAGEMENT NUMBER
SELF- LINE NUMBER
CONNECTION DESTINATION NODE NUMBER
CONNECTION STATUS
CONNECTION VP IDENTIFIER
CONNECTION VC IDENTIFIER

54

FIG.9A

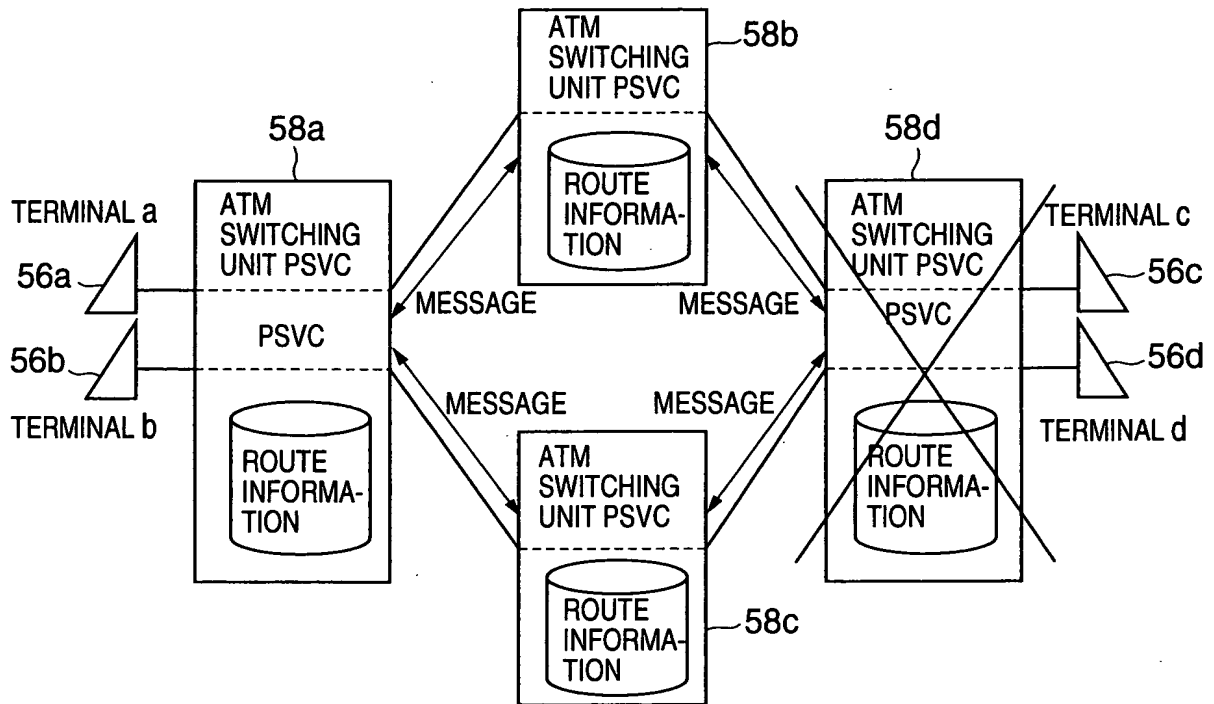


FIG.9B

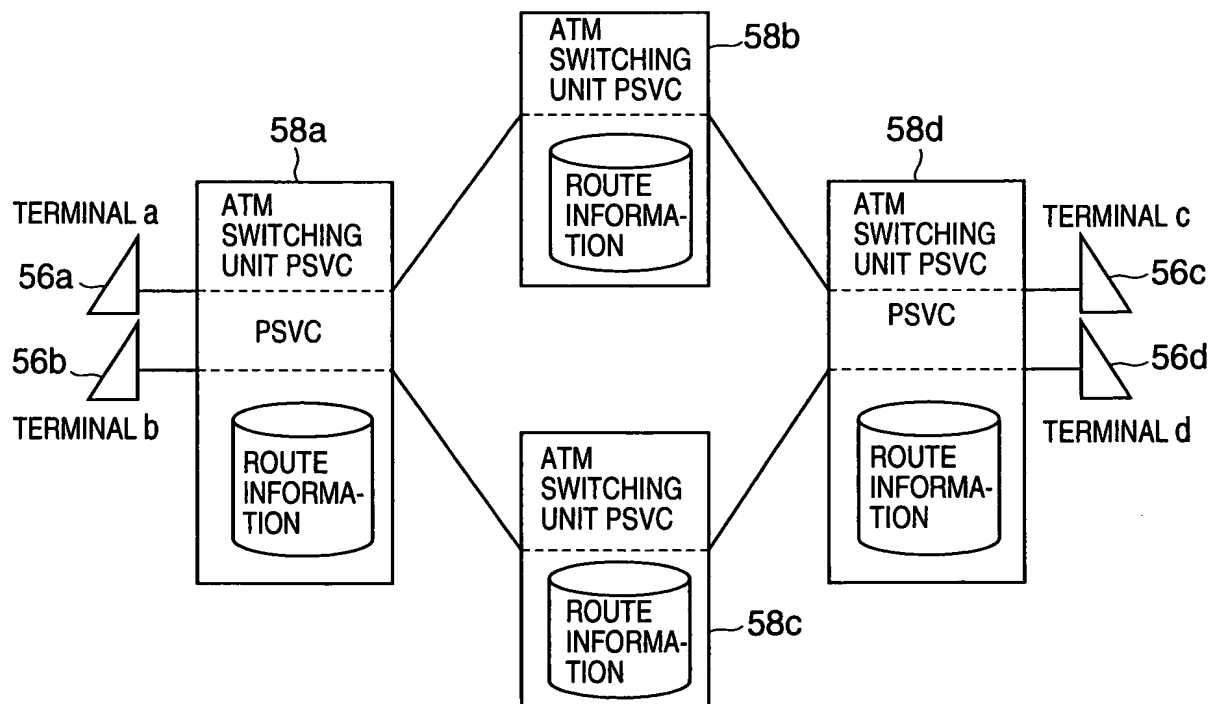


FIG.10

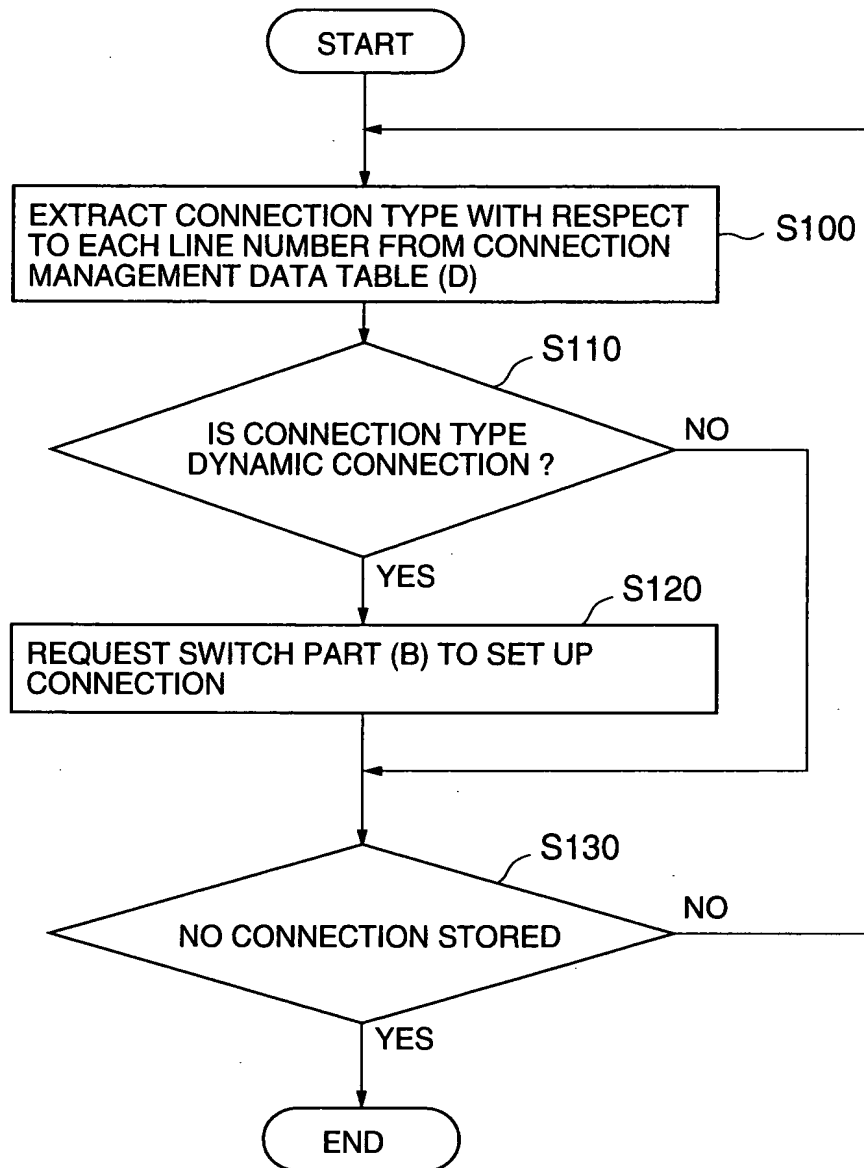


FIG.11

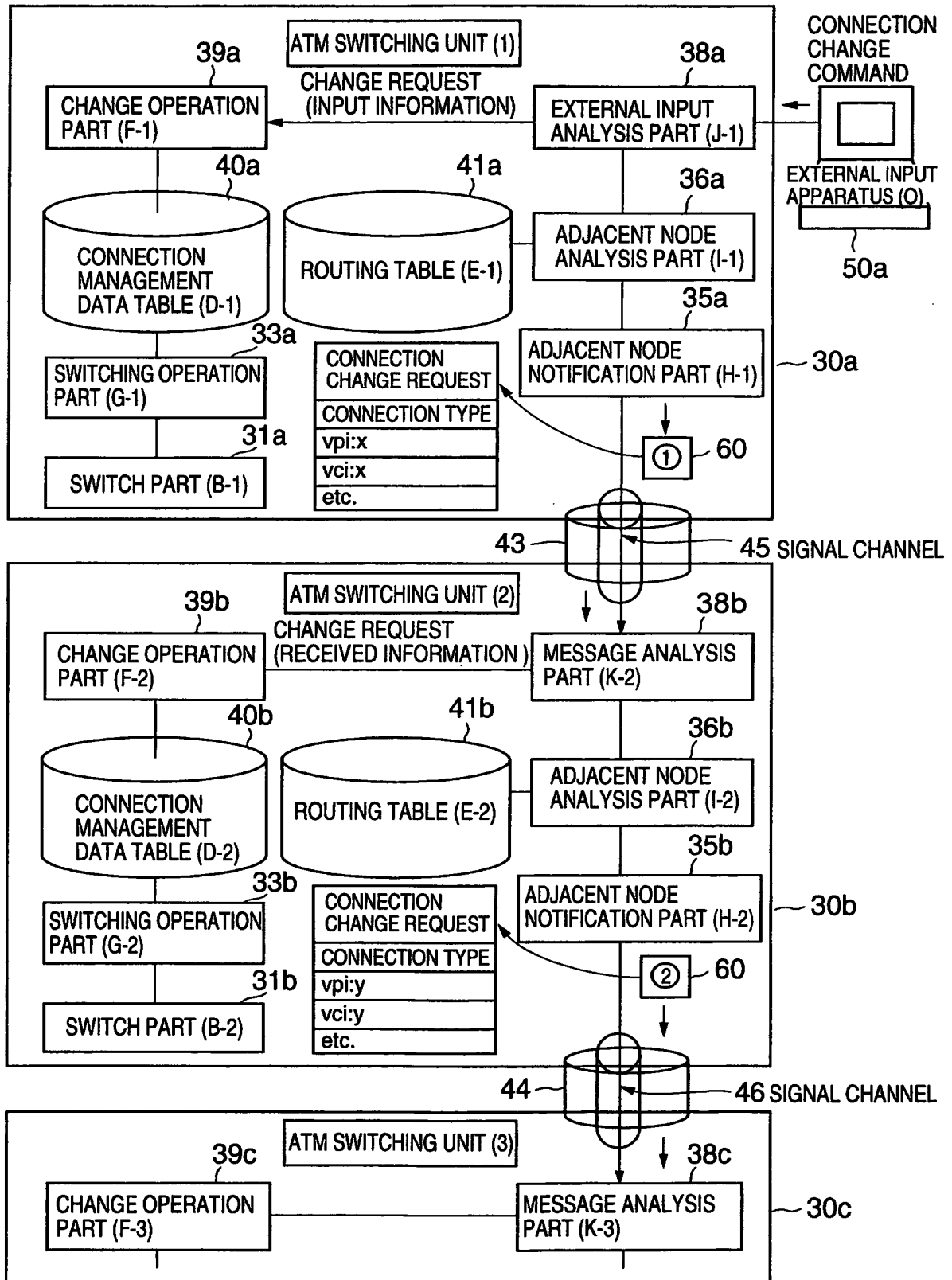


FIG.12

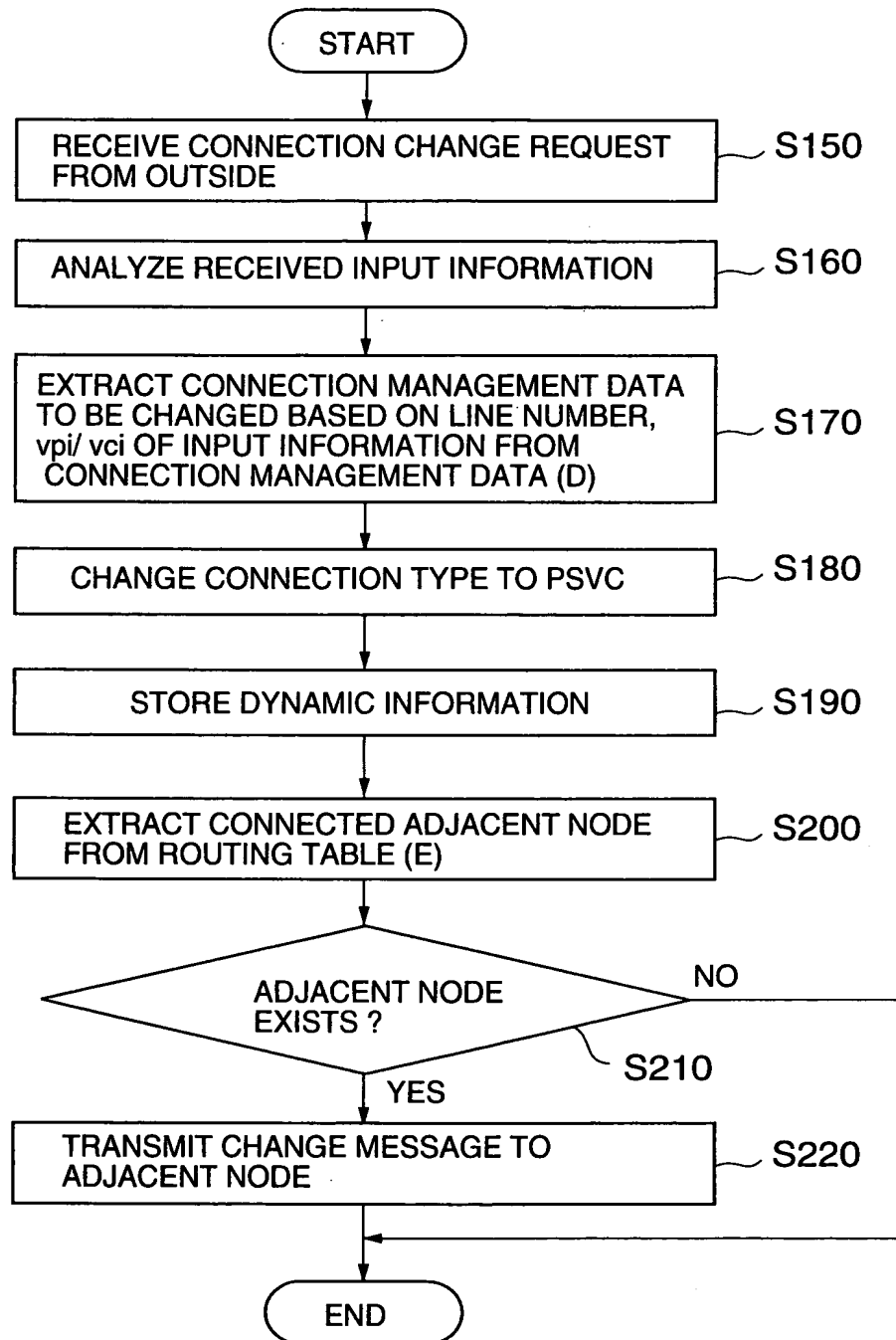


FIG.13

REQUEST INFORMATION HEADER
MESSAGE TYPE
1: CHANGE REQUEST
2: RELEASE REQUEST
AUTOMATIC- CHANGE - ENABLED
LINE NUMBER
AUTOMATIC CHANGE CONNECTION
TYPE
vpi
vci
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

FIG.14

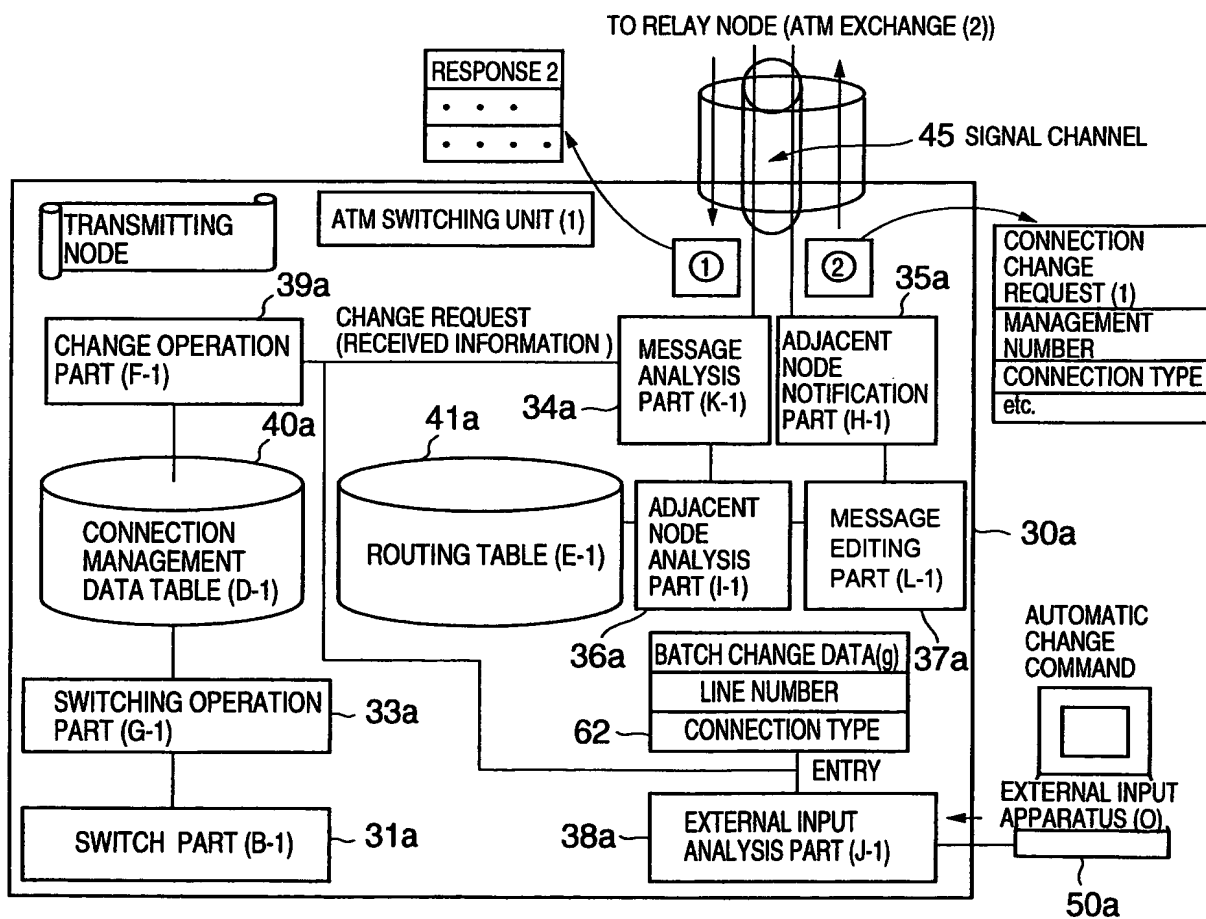


FIG.15

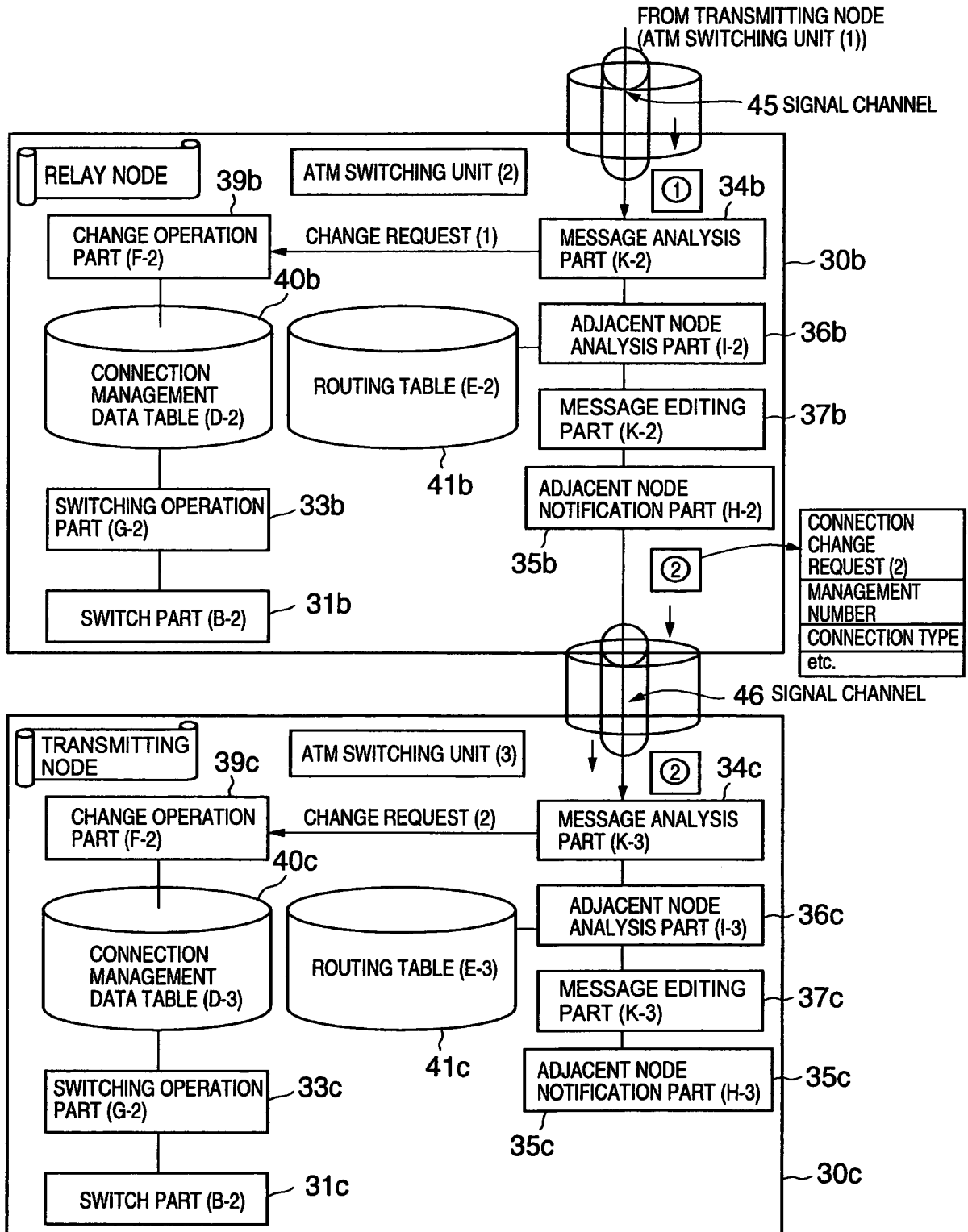


FIG.16

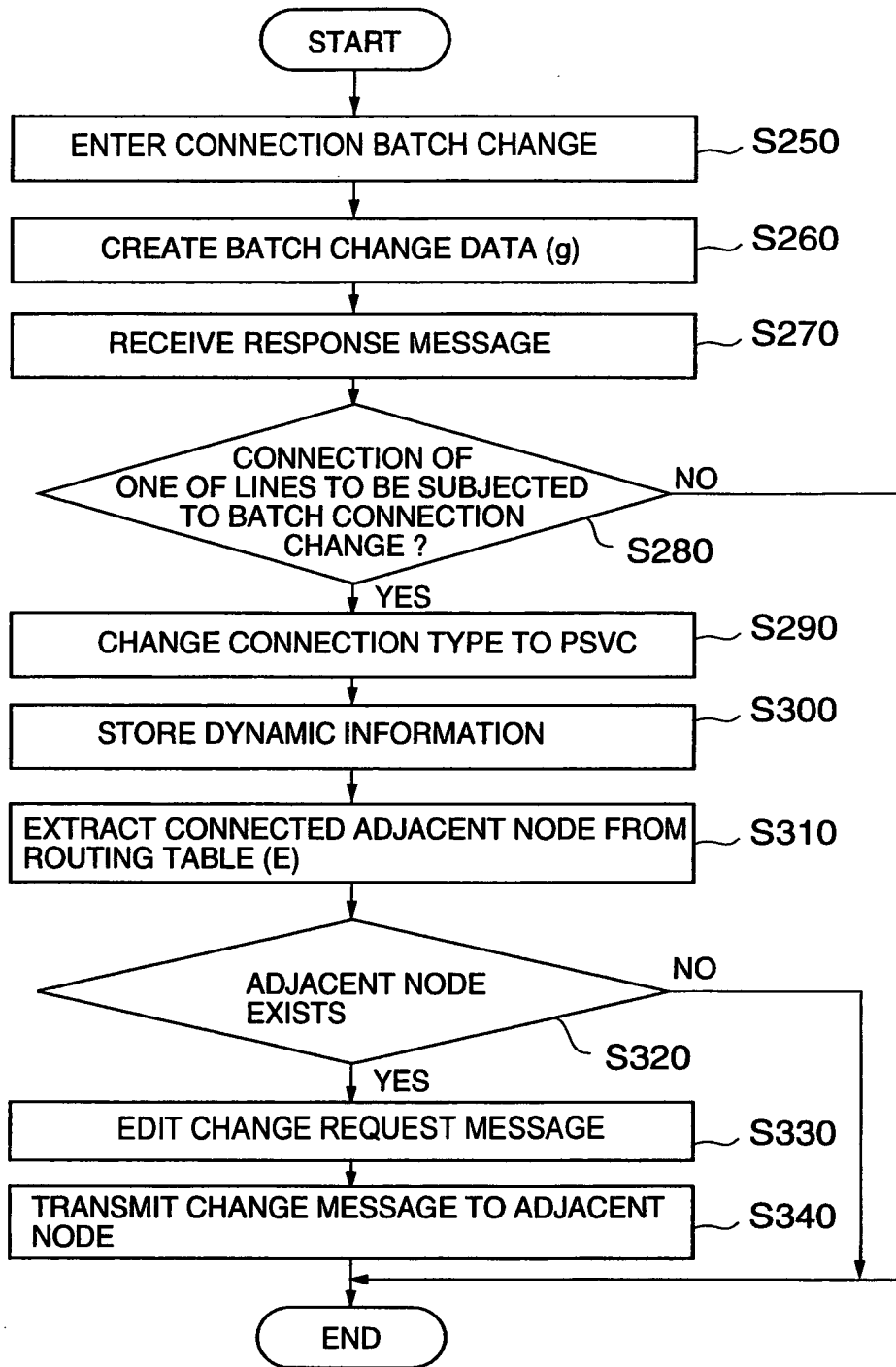


FIG.17

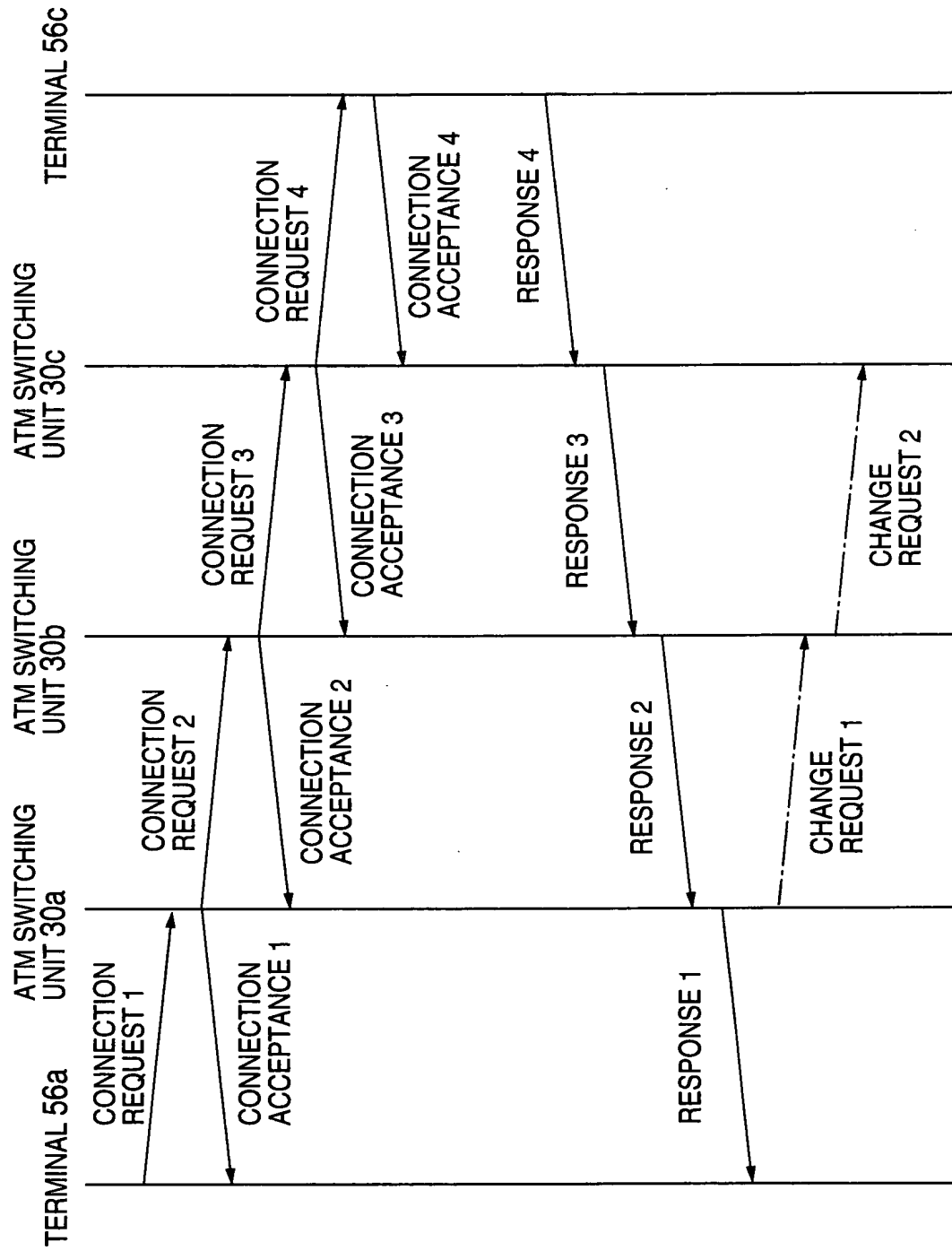


FIG.18

BATCH- CHANGE- ENABLED LINE NUMBER
BATCH CHANGE CONNECTION TYPE 1 : SVC 2 : SPVC

62

FIG.19

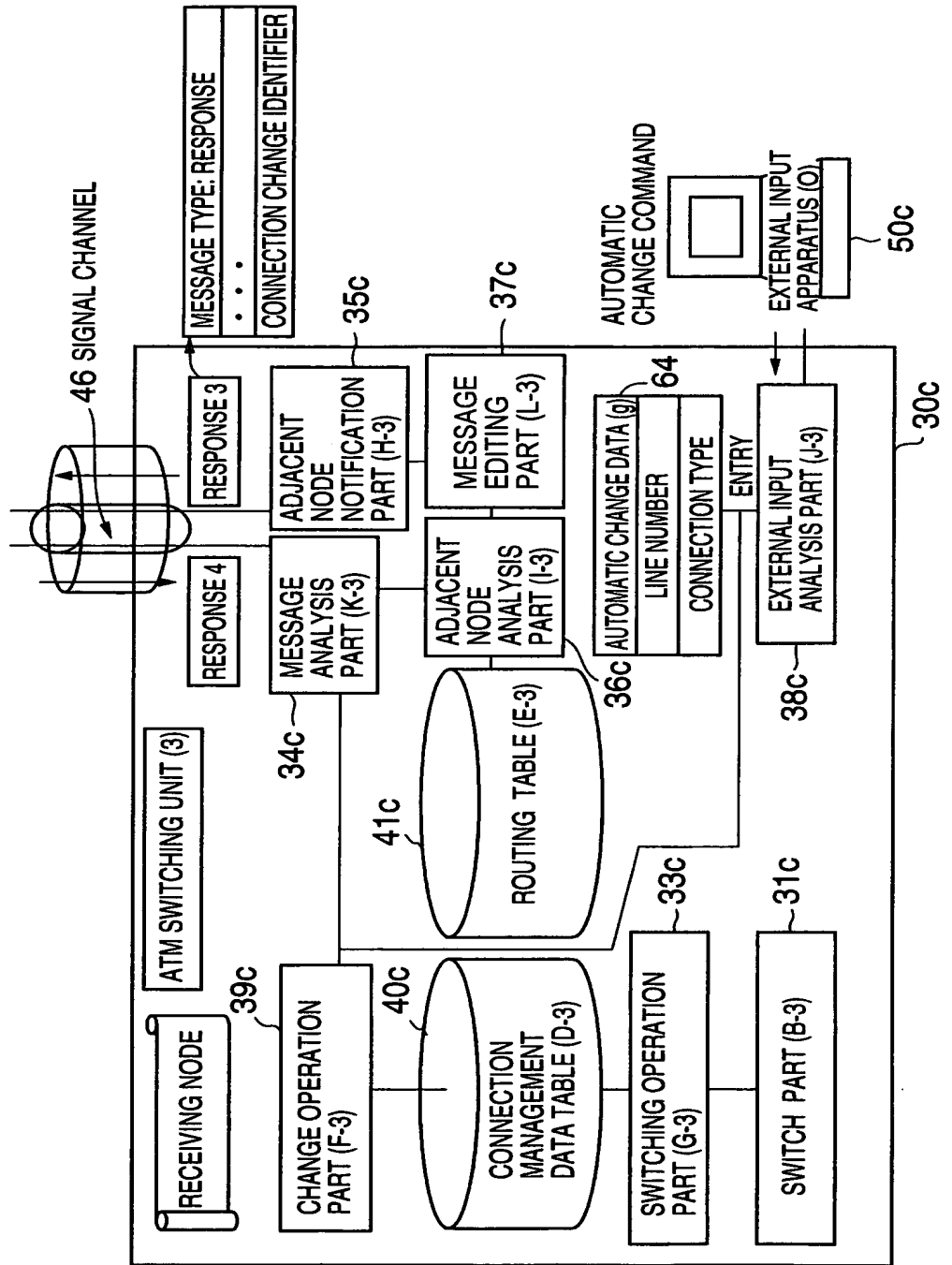


FIG.20

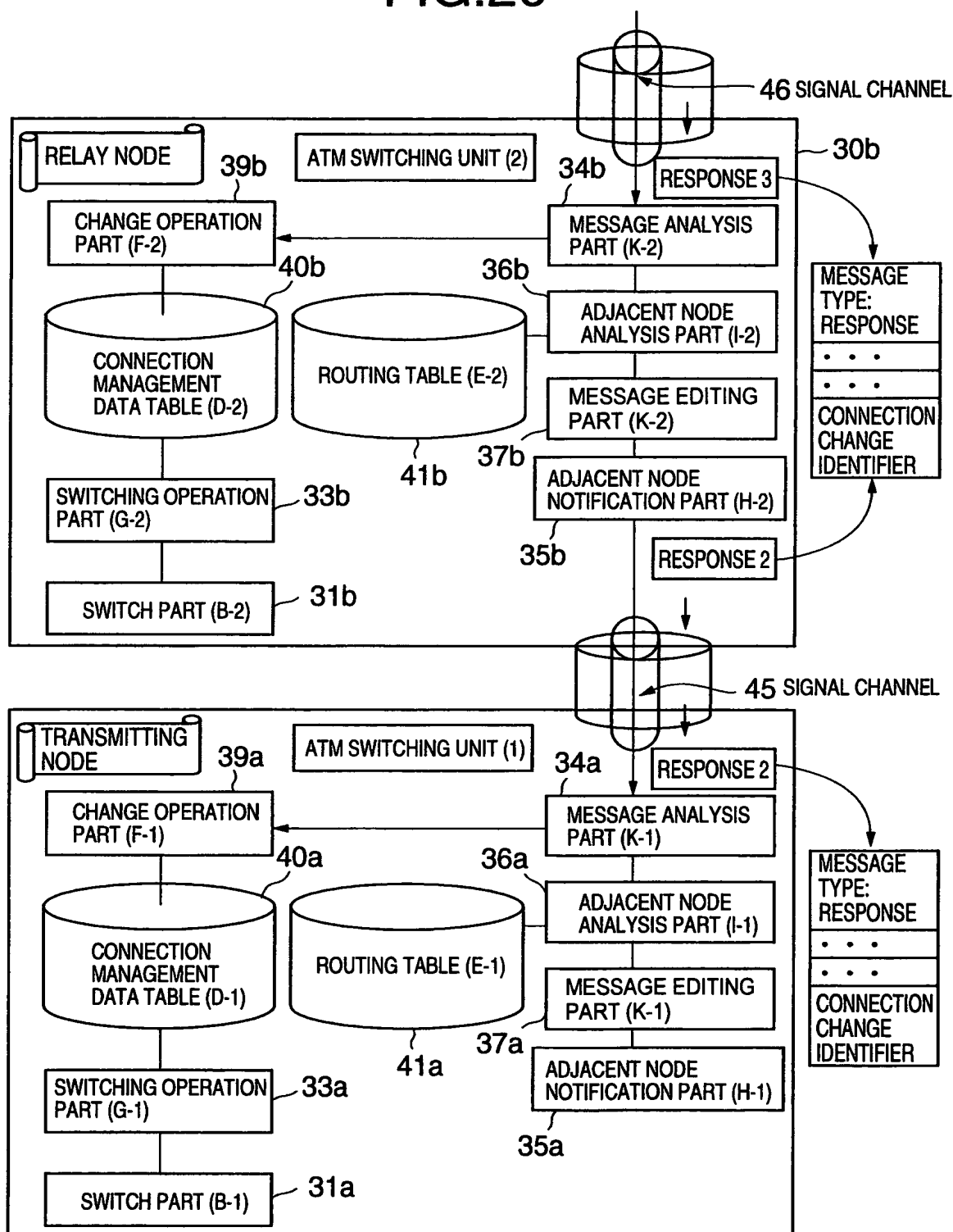


FIG.21

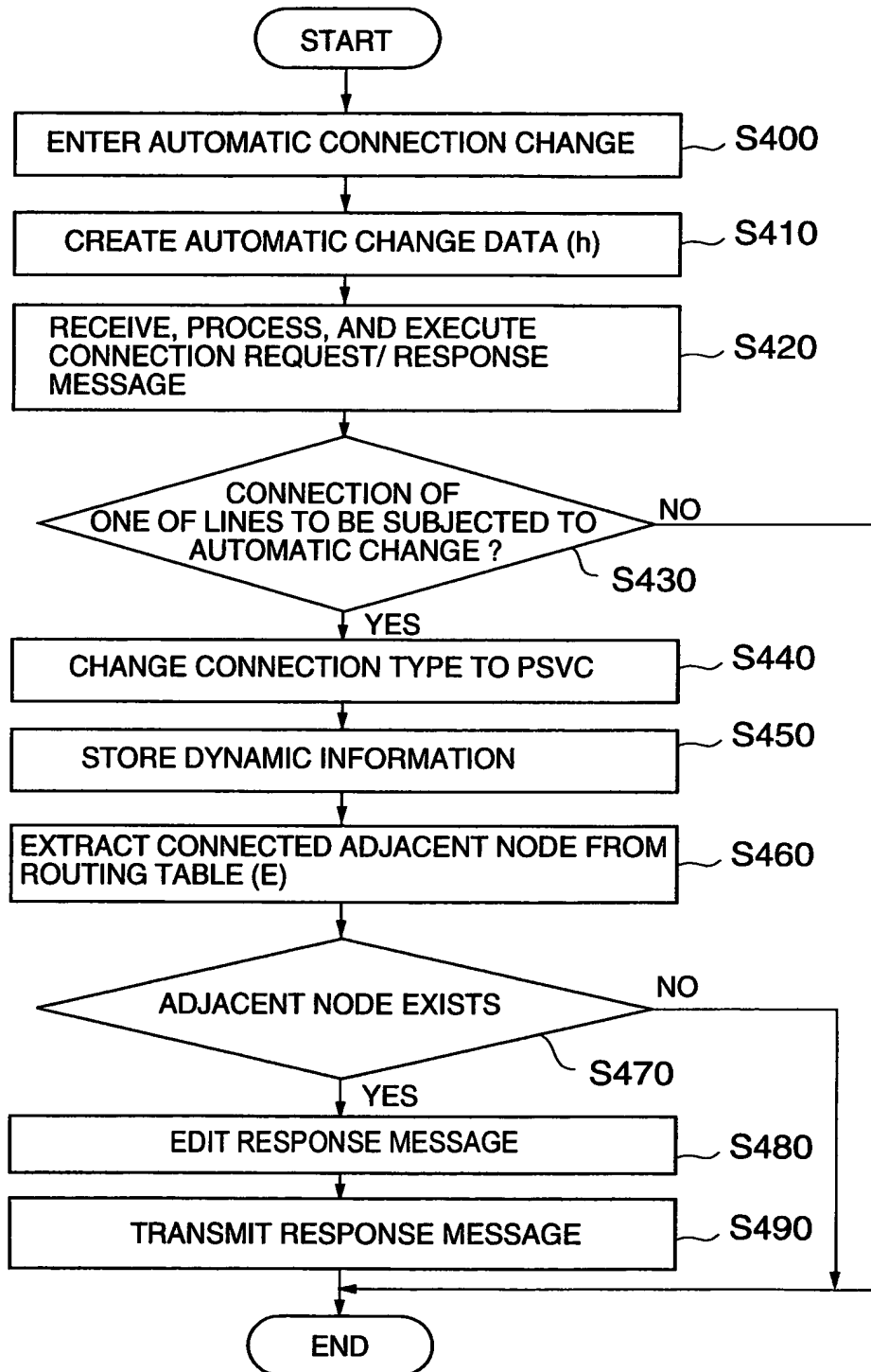


FIG.22

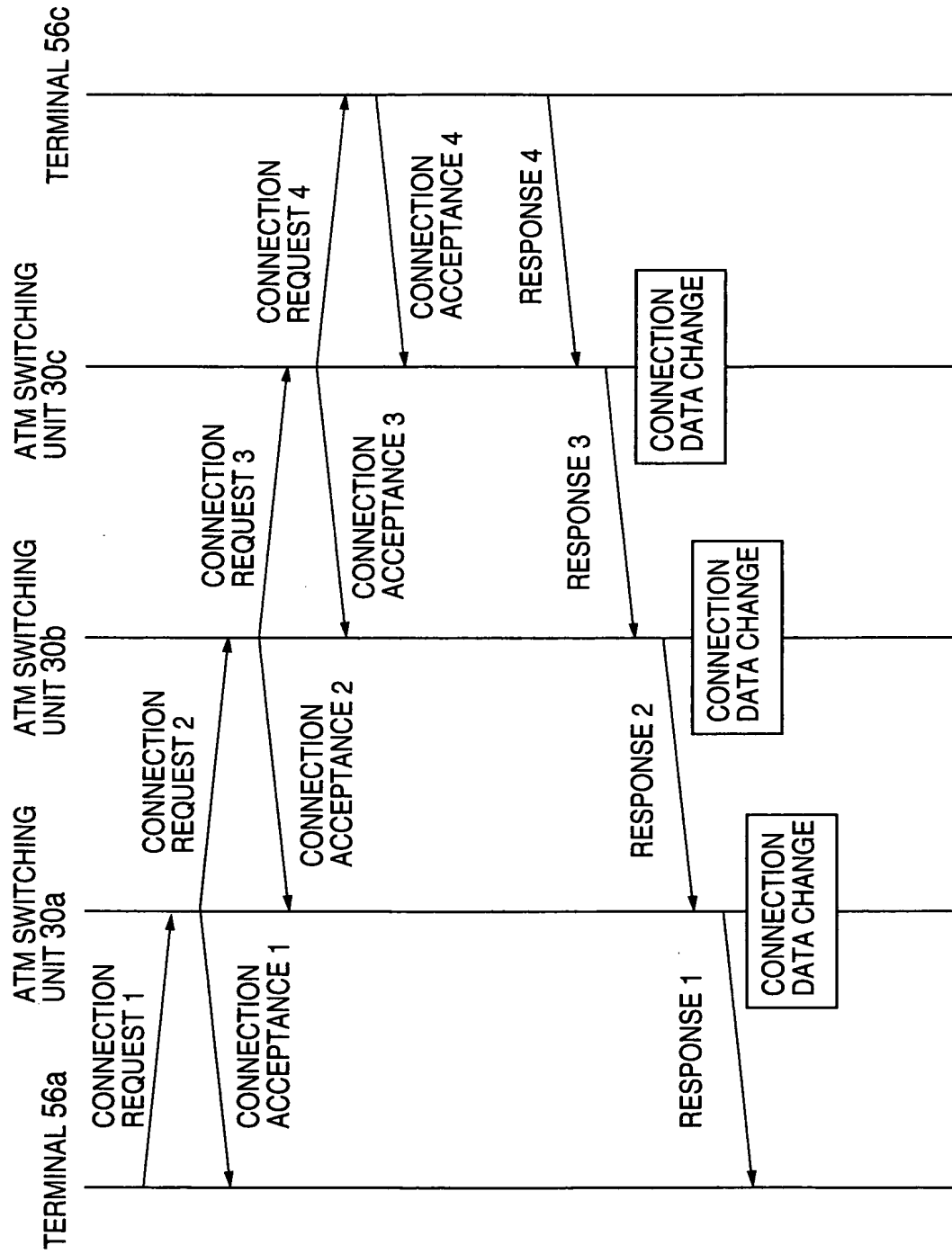


FIG.23

AUTOMATIC- CHANGE- ENABLED LINE NUMBER
AUTOMATIC CHANGE CONNECTION TYPE 1 : SVC 2 : SPVC

64

FIG.24

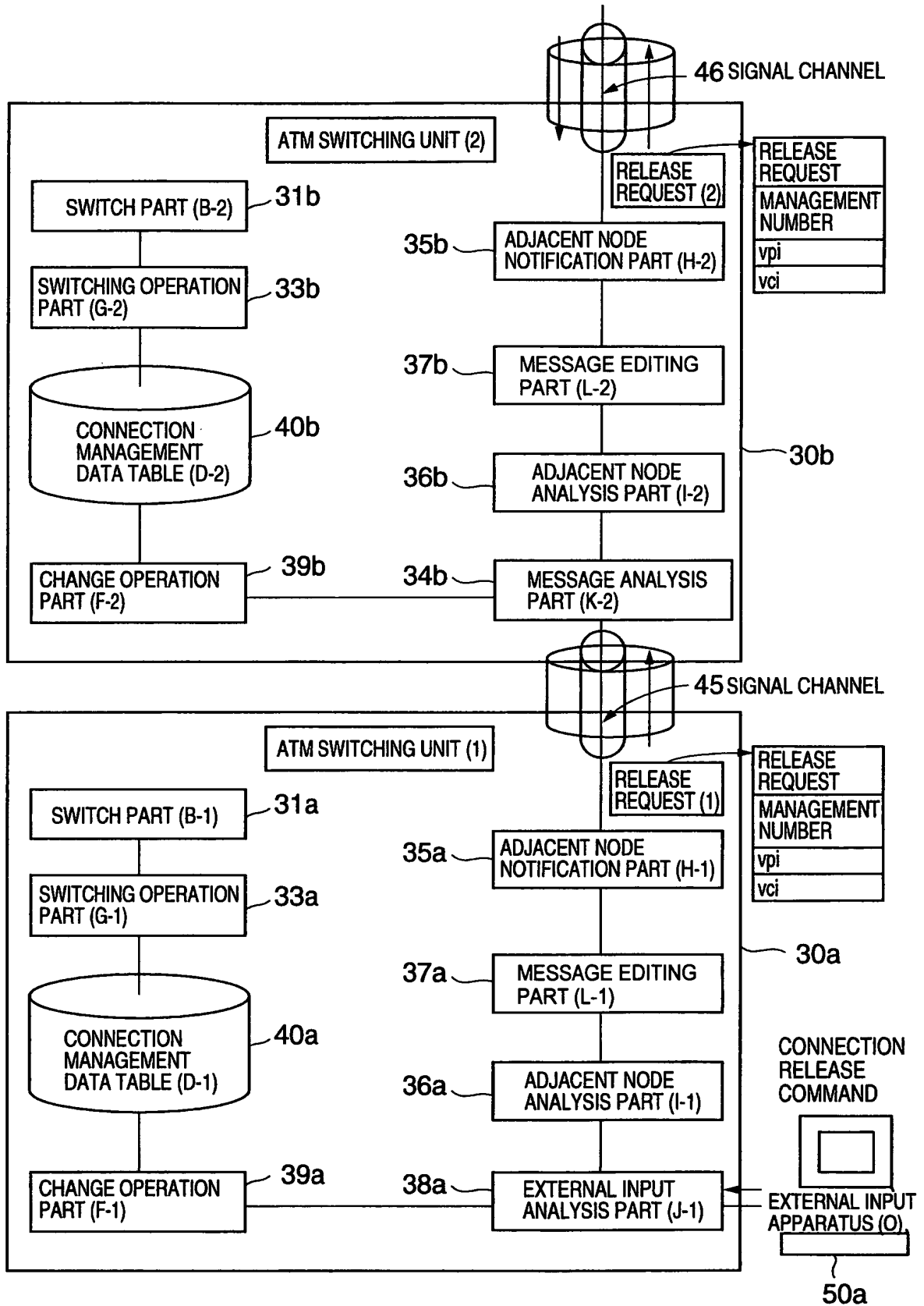


FIG.25

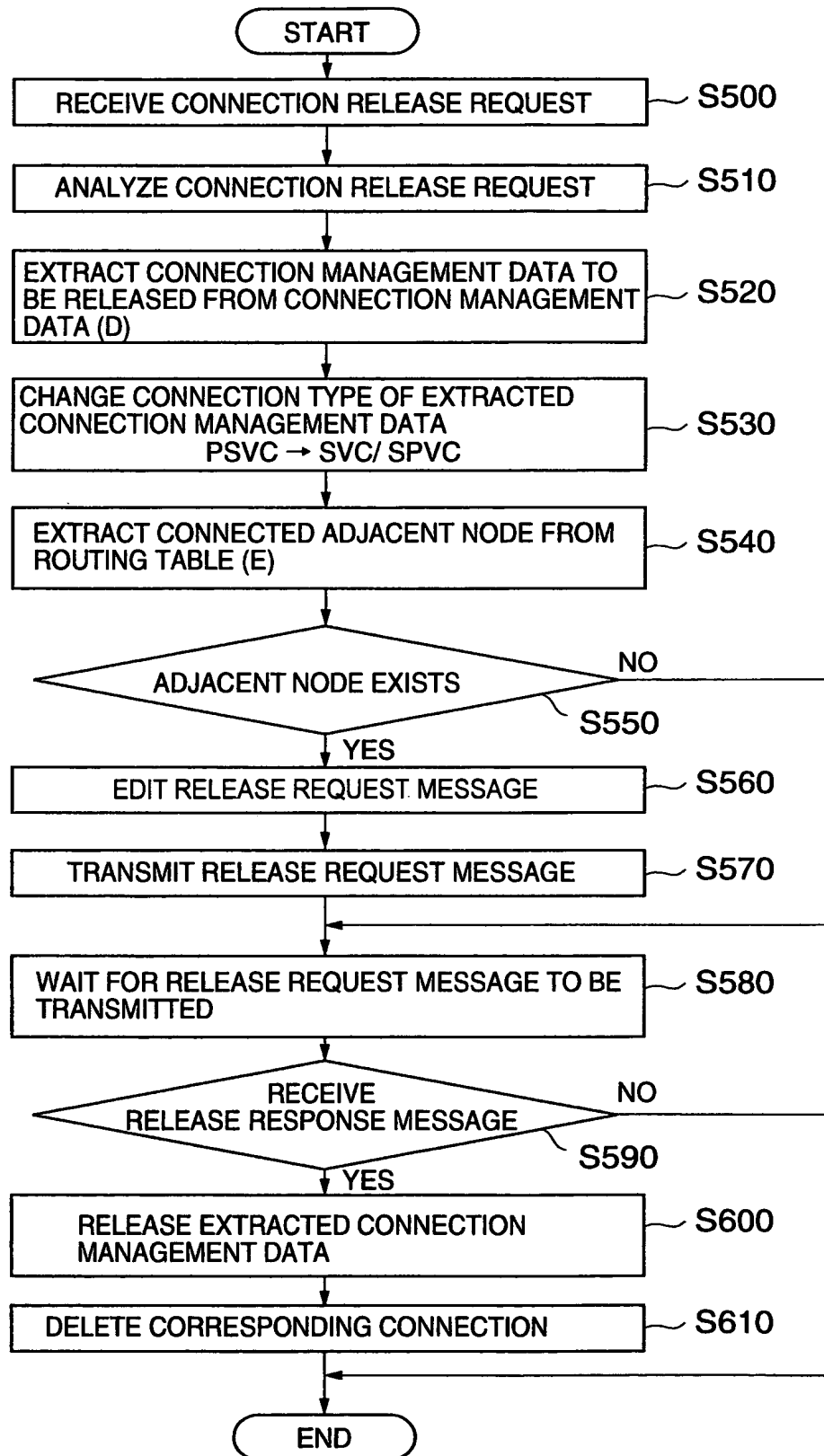


FIG.26

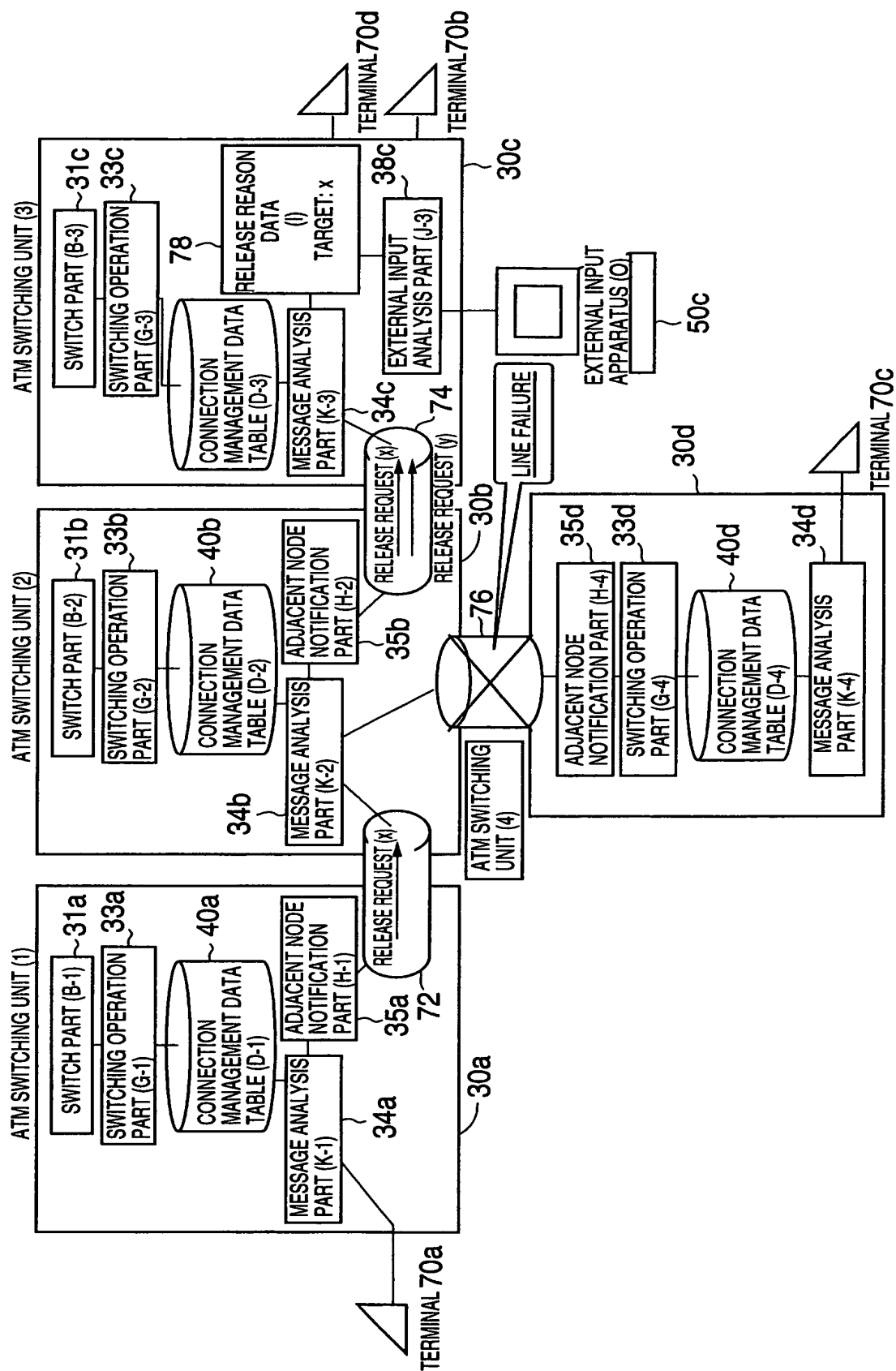


FIG.27

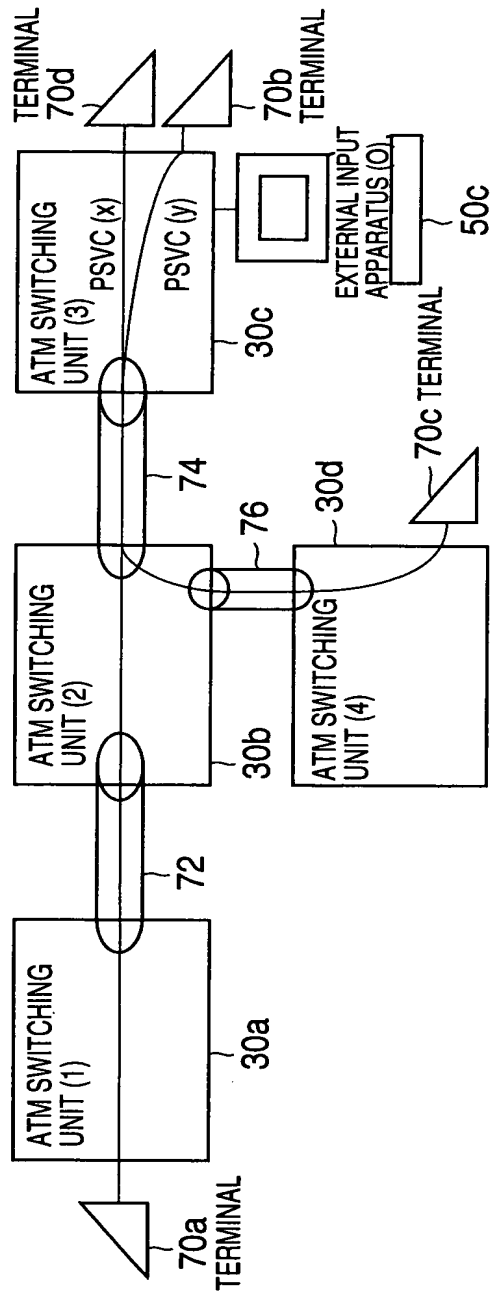


FIG.28

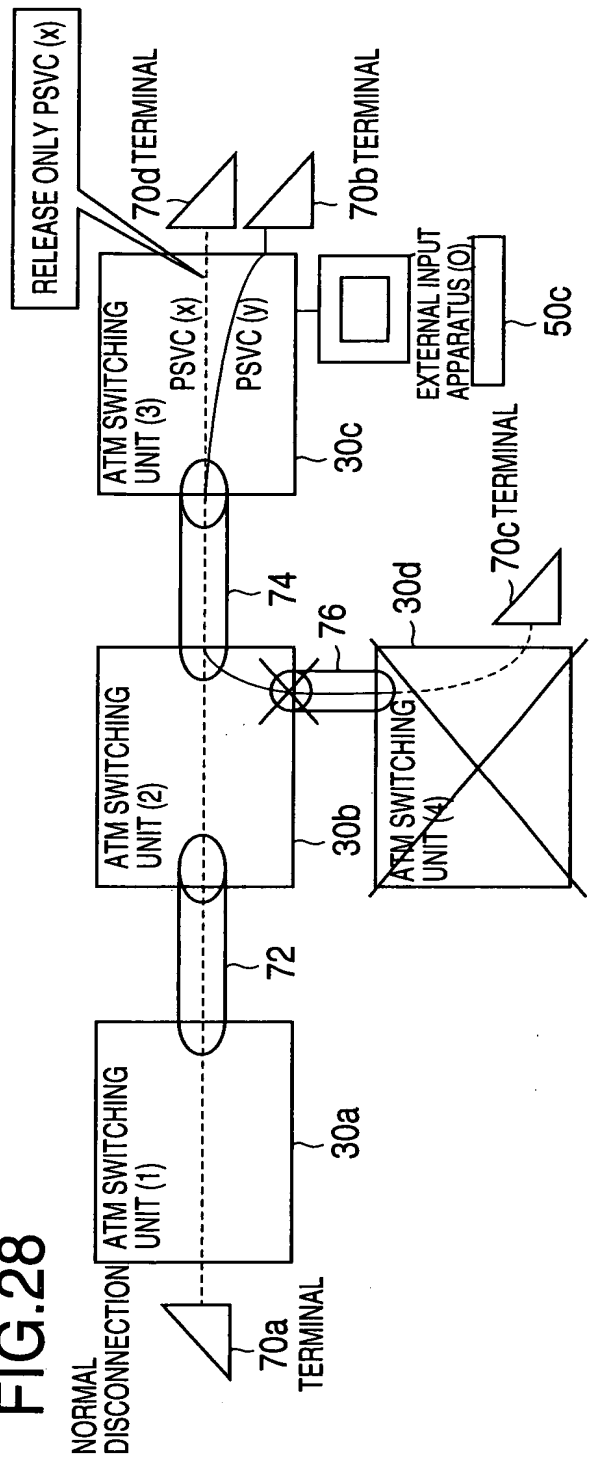


FIG.29

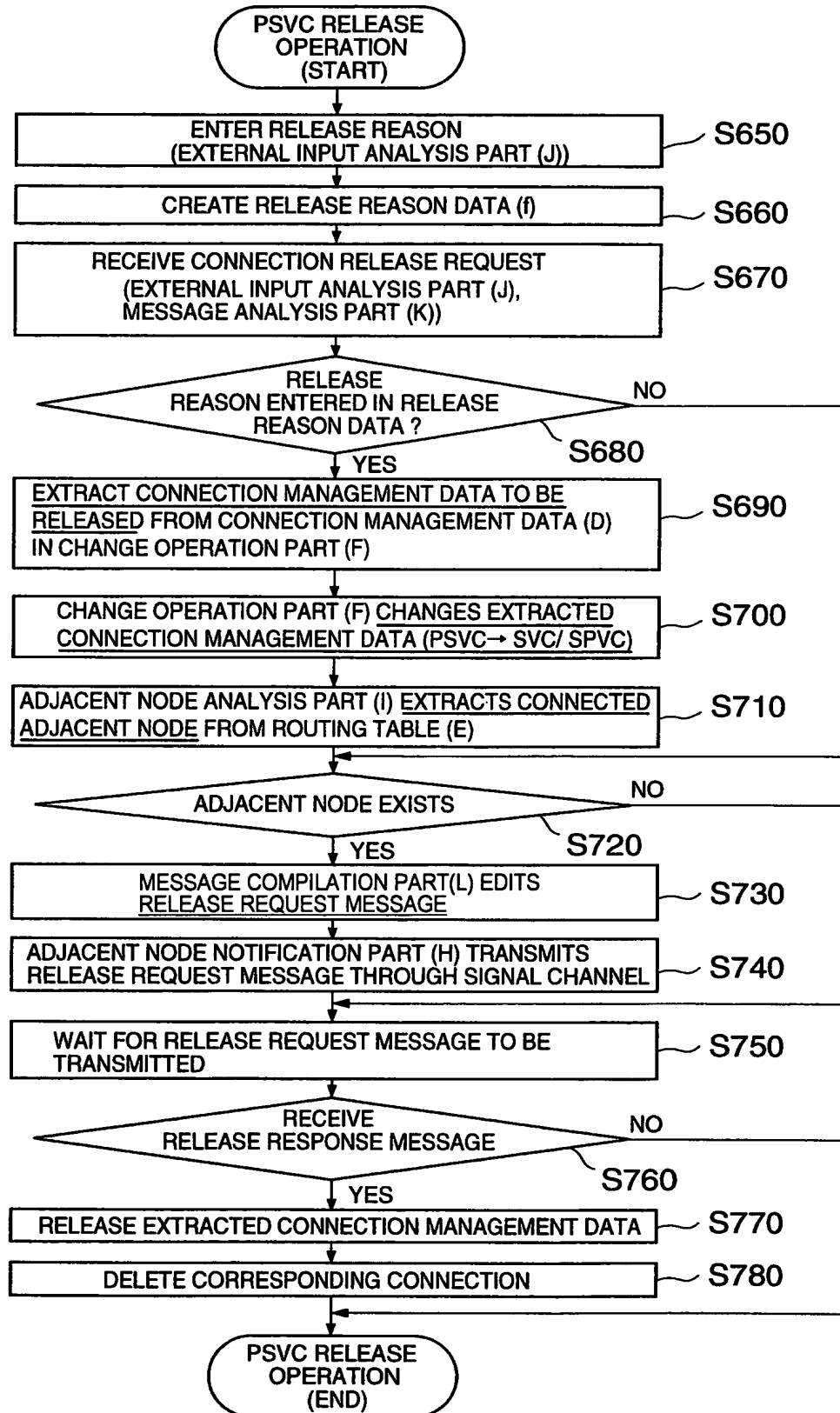


FIG.30

TARGET LINE NUMBER
TARGET CONNECTION TYPE 1 : SVC 2 : SPVC
VALID RELEASE REASON

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